

Vital and Health Statistics

From the CENTERS FOR DISEASE CONTROL AND PREVENTION / National Center for Health Statistics

National Hospital Discharge Survey: Annual Summary, 1997

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Vital and Health Statistics

National Hospital Discharge Survey: Annual Summary, 1997

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National Center for Health Statistics

Edward J. Sondik, Ph.D., Director

Jack R. Anderson, Deputy Director

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Division of Health Care Statistics

Linda K. Demlo, Ph.D., *Division Director*Irma Arispe, Ph.D., *Associate Director for Science*Robert Pokras, *Chief, Hospital Care Statistics Branch*

Cooperation of the U.S. Bureau of the Census

Under the legislation establishing the National Health Survey, the Public Health Service is authorized to use, insofar as possible, the services or facilities of other Federal, State, or private agencies.

In accordance with specifications established by the National Center for Health Statistics, the U.S. Bureau of the Census, under a contractual arrangement, participated in planning the surveys and collecting the data for the National Hospital Discharge Survey.

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Abstract

Objectives

This report presents national estimates of the use of non-Federal short-stay hospitals in the United States during 1997 and selected trend data. Estimates are provided by demographic characteristics of patients discharged, geographic region of hospitals, conditions diagnosed, and surgical and nonsurgical procedures performed. Measurements of hospital use include number and rate of discharges and days of care, and the average length of stay.

Methods

The estimates are based on data collected through the National Hospital Discharge Survey. The survey has been conducted annually by the National Center for Health Statistics since 1965. In 1997,data were collected for approximately 300,000 discharges. Of the 501 eligible non-Federal short-stay hospitals in the sample, 474 (95 percent) responded to the survey. Diagnoses and procedures were coded according to the *International Classification of Diseases*, 9th Revision, Clinical Modification, or ICD-9-CM.

Keywords: hospitalization • inpatient • diagnoses • procedures

National Hospital Discharge Survey: Annual Summary, 1997

by Lola Jean Kozak and Linda Lawrence, Division of Health Care Statistics

Highlights

- During 1997 an estimated 30.9 million inpatients were discharged from non-Federal short-stay hospitals. These patients used an estimated 157.5 million days of care
- Patients 65 years of age and over comprised 12 percent of the population in 1997, but they accounted for 39 percent of discharges and used 49 percent of days of care.
- Deaths accounted for 3 percent of discharges.
- Deliveries and heart disease combined accounted for 8 million discharges and 26 percent of first-listed diagnoses.
- Heart disease was the first-listed diagnosis for 22 percent of discharges for patients 65 years of age and over.
- Both the number and the rate of hospitalizations for patients with human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) were approximately 30 percent lower in 1997 than in 1995.
- Patients with first-listed diagnoses of heart disease or malignant neoplasms accounted for 34 percent of deaths in short-stay hospitals.
- At least one procedure was reported for 62 percent of discharges.
- Three surgical procedures performed 1 million times or more were

- episiotomy, cardiac catheterization, and repair of current obstetric laceration.
- Three nonsurgical procedures performed 1 million times or more were arteriography and angiocardiography using contrast material, diagnostic ultrasound, and respiratory therapy.
- The average length of a hospital stay for childbirth increased from 2.1 days in 1995 to 2.4 days in 1997. This increase was due to a reduction in the number of women hospitalized 1 day or less for childbirth.
- The number of obstetrical procedures per 100 deliveries increased from 93.7 in 1980 to 173.3 in 1997.
- The 1997 cesarean rate was 21.5, the primary rate was 15.6, and the rate of vaginal birth after cesarean delivery (VBAC) was 34.5.
- An estimated 3.8 million newborn infants were discharged from short-stay hospitals after average stays of 2.9 days.
- Almost half the diagnoses of sick newborn infants were hemolytic disease of fetus or newborn, respiratory distress syndrome and other respiratory conditions, disorders relating to short gestation and unspecified low birthweight, or congenital anomalies.

This report was prepared in the Division of Health Care Statistics. Rong Cai of the OAO Corporation did the computer programming for the report and produced the estimated parameters for relative standard error equations. The report was edited by Klaudia M. Cox and typeset by Zung T. N. Le of the Publications Branch, Division of Data Services.

Introduction

his report presents data from the 1997 National Hospital Discharge Survey (NHDS). The survey has been conducted continuously by the National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS) since 1965. National estimates of hospital use derived from NHDS are published for each calendar year by NCHS. This report provides a summary of the 1997 data, including the number and rate of discharges, days of care and average lengths of stay by the age and sex of patients, and by the geographic region of hospitals. Estimates are also presented by first-listed diagnosis, all-listed diagnoses, and all-listed procedures. Additional data from the 1997 NHDS are published in other NCHS reports (1,2).

NHDS is the principal source for national data on the characteristics of patients discharged from non-Federal short-stay hospitals. Data from NHDS are used to examine important topics in public health (3–7) and for a variety of planning, administrative, and evaluation activities by governmental, scientific, academic, and commercial institutions.

Estimates of the number of procedures shown in this report are only for inpatients. Data on ambulatory surgery are not available because the National Survey of Ambulatory Surgery (NSAS), which covered ambulatory surgery performed in hospitals and in freestanding ambulatory surgery centers (8), was not conducted in 1997.

Methods

Data Source

NHDS data were collected from a sample of inpatient records acquired from a national probability sample of hospitals. Because persons with multiple discharges during the year could be sampled more than once, NHDS produces estimates for discharges, not persons. Only hospitals with an average length of stay of fewer than 30 days for all patients, general hospitals, or children's general hospitals were

included in the survey. Federal, military, and Department of Veterans Affairs hospitals, as well as hospital units of institutions (such as prison hospitals), and hospitals with fewer than six beds staffed for patient use, were excluded. Beginning in 1988, the sampling frame for hospitals was the SMG Hospital Market Database (9). The sampling frame was updated in 1991, 1994, and 1997 to identify hospitals that opened or changed their eligibility status after the previous sample update.

NHDS used a two-stage design until 1988 when it was redesigned and a stratified three-stage design was implemented (10). Both the original and the redesigned sample included the largest hospitals with certainty and sampled noncertainty hospitals. After the redesign, the first stage of the three-stage design consisted of the selection of 112 primary sampling units (PSU's) that comprised a probability sample of PSU's used in the 1985-94 National Health Interview Survey (11). The second stage consisted of the selection of noncertainty hospitals from the sample PSU's. At the third stage, a systematic random sample of discharges within hospitals was selected.

For 1997, the sample consisted of 513 hospitals, 12 of which were out of scope (ineligible) because they had gone out of business or otherwise failed to meet the criteria for the NHDS universe. Of the 501 in-scope (eligible) hospitals, 474 (95 percent) responded to the survey. Data were collected for approximately 300,000 discharges from the 474 responding hospitals.

Two data collection procedures were used for the survey. One was a manual system in which sample selection and transcription of information from the hospital records to abstract forms were performed by the hospital's staff or by staff of the U.S. Bureau of the Census on behalf of NCHS. Completed forms were sent to NCHS for data coding, editing, and estimation.

The other data collection procedure was an automated system in which NCHS purchased tapes containing machine-readable medical record data from commercial organizations, State data systems, hospitals, or hospital

associations. Records from these tapes were systematically sampled by NCHS. In 1997, approximately 40 percent of respondent hospitals provided data through the automated system.

The medical abstract form is shown as figure I in the appendix. This form and the automated data tapes contained items that related to the personal characteristics of the patient. These items included birth date (or age), sex, race, ethnicity, marital status, ZIP Code, and expected sources of payment. Administrative items such as admission and discharge dates, discharge status, and medical record number were also included. Medical information about patients included diagnoses, surgical and nonsurgical procedures, and dates of surgery. (The medical record number, date of birth, and ZIP Code are confidential information that are not available to the public.) Medical data were coded according to the International Classification of Diseases, 9th Revision, Clinical Modification (ICD-9-CM) (12).

For the manual data collection, an ongoing quality control program was undertaken on the coding and entering of data from abstracts to machine-readable form. Approximately 10 percent of the abstracts were independently recoded by an NHDS coder, with discrepancies resolved by the chief coder. The overall error rate for records manually coded by NCHS for the 1997 data year was 0.9 percent for medical (ICD–9–CM) coding and data entry and 0.2 percent for demographic coding and data entry.

Estimation

Because they are sample data, the survey data must be inflated or weighted to produce national estimates. The estimation procedure produced essentially unbiased national estimates and had three basic components:

- (1) inflation by reciprocals of the probabilities of sample selection,
 - (2) adjustment for nonresponse, and
- (3) population weighting ratio adjustments. These three components of the final weight were described in more detail in an earlier report (13). Information about the standard errors of

statistics for the 1997 NHDS are in the appendix of this report.

Use of Tables

Estimates of hospital use by age and sex of discharged patients and geographic region of hospitals are shown in tables 1–3 and fatality rates are in table 4 of this report. Diagnostic data are included in tables 5–20 and information about procedures is found in tables 21–30. Tables 31–38 present data on women with deliveries and newborn infants. Definitions of terms used in these tables are presented in the appendix.

The diagnostic data in tables 7–18 and procedure data in tables 25-30 are presented by chapter of the ICD-9-CM. Within these chapters, subcategories of diagnoses or procedures are shown. These specific categories were selected because of their large estimates or because they were of special interest. Although diagnoses assigned ICD-9-CM codes E800-E999 (Supplementary classification of external causes of injury and poisoning) were included in NHDS, these diagnoses were not well reported in the survey and therefore were excluded from this report.

Table 24 shows data for coronary artery bypass graft (CABG) surgery and removal of coronary artery obstruction and insertion of stent(s). These procedures were often assigned more than one code for a single operation. Coronary artery bypass graft (CABG) surgery frequently was assigned one code to indicate the number of arteries bypassed and a second to indicate the type of bypass (such as mammarycoronary artery bypass). Beginning with the 1996 NHDS data, patients could have a separate code for insertion of stent(s) along with a code for removal of coronary artery obstruction. As shown in table 24, the number of these procedures greatly exceeded the number of inpatients who had one or more of the procedures.

Tables 4 and 20 show fatality rates, which are ratios of deaths to discharges. In contrast, mortality rates are ratios of deaths to the population. Mortality rates include deaths that occur outside of

hospitals. In addition, these rates are for the underlying cause of death, which might not be the same as the first-listed diagnosis for a patient discharged dead. Mortality rates are published regularly by NCHS in *National Vital Statistics Reports* and in *Vital Statistics of the United States*.

Data for newborn infants are included only in tables 36–38. Because estimates of newborn infants were based on a sample and because they did not include out-of-hospital births, these estimates might not agree with the data on births published in *National Vital Statistics Reports* and *Vital Statistics of the United States*, which were based on a complete count of births.

Because of low reliability, estimates with relative standard errors of more than 30 percent or that are based on fewer than 30 records are not presented; only an asterisk (*) appears in the tables. Estimates based on fewer than 60 records are preceded by an asterisk (*) to indicate that they also have low reliability.

Estimates have been rounded to the nearest thousand. Therefore, figures within tables do not always add to the totals. Rates, percents, and average lengths of stay were calculated from unrounded figures and may not precisely agree with measures calculated from rounded data.

The population estimates used to compute rates are shown in table I in the appendix. These estimates have been adjusted for the 1990 census underenumeration. Populations used to compute rates in previous reports of 1990-96 NHDS data were not adjusted for the underenumeration. For 1997, the discharge rate based on the adjusted population was 1.5 percent lower than the rate based on the unadjusted population, which was not a statistically significant difference. Although generally not significant, the changes in rates due to the population adjustment varied somewhat by age (under 15 years—3.1 percent; 15 years and over—1.1 percent), sex (males—1.8 percent; females—1.2 percent) and region (West—2.2 percent; South—1.9 percent; Northeast—0.9 percent; Midwest— 0.7 percent).

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Table 1. Number and rate of discharges from short-stay hospitals and of days of care, with average length of stay, by age: United States, selected years, 1970–97

Age	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	1997
			Number o	of discharges in	thousands		
All ages	29,127	34,043	37,832	35,056	30,788	30,722	30,914
Under 15 years	3,873	3,826	3,672	2,972	2,412	2,405	2,312
5–44 years	12,664	14,171	15,635	13,966	11,799	10,593	10,030
5–64 years	6,693	8,391	8,660	7,610	6,244	6,168	6,377
5 years and over	5,897	7,654	9,864	10,508	10,333	11,556	12,196
65–74 years	3,163	4,057	4,943	5,011	4,689	4,832	4,872
75–84 years	2,099	2,728	3,611	3,969	3,949	4,590	4,965
85 years and over	635	869	1,310	1,528	1,694	2,134	2,359
			Rate of discl	harges per 1,00	0 population ¹		
ıll ages	144.3	159.2	167.7	148.4	122.3	115.7	114.3
Inder 15 years	66.8	70.4	71.6	57.7	43.1	40.4	38.7
5–44 years	154.6	152.4	150.1	125.0	99.3	87.8	82.5
5–64 years	159.6	191.8	194.8	170.8	135.5	118.5	115.4
5 years and over	293.3	337.3	383.7	369.8	334.1	347.7	361.1
65–74 years	253.2	291.5	315.8	297.3	261.6	260.0	265.9
75–84 years	339.5	392.1	463.9	446.4	395.7	415.6	427.8
85 years and over	443.7	477.1	576.4	572.9	560.6	592.5	613.6
oo your and over	110.1					002.0	010.0
W	000 445	000 000		days of care in		404.007	457.450
II ages	226,445	262,389	274,508	226,217	197,422	164,627	157,458
nder 15 years	18,189	17,554	16,191	13,554	11,655	10,715	9,836
5–44 years	71,605	80,687	81,951	67,397	54,062	40,825	37,160
5–64 years	62,419	75,393	71,008	53,541	42,153	34,207	33,264
5 years and over	74,232	88,754	105,358	91,726	89,552	78,880	77,198
65–74 years	37,873	44,963	49,253	41,090	37,422	31,310	29,305
75–84 years	27,633	32,906	40,355	36,024	35,926	31,974	32,010
85 years and over	8,726	10,886	15,750	14,612	16,204	15,597	15,883
			Rate of days	of care per 1,00	00 population1		
Il ages	1,121.6	1,227.3	1,216.7	957.7	784.0	620.2	582.3
nder 15 years	313.9	322.9	315.7	263.0	208.4	179.9	164.6
5–44 years	874.0	867.9	786.8	603.3	454.9	338.4	305.5
5–64 years	1,488.8	1,723.0	1,596.9	1,201.6	914.4	657.5	601.9
5 years and over	3,691.9	3,910.6	4,098.4	3,228.0	2,895.6	2,373.7	2,285.6
65–74 years	3,031.6	3,230.8	3,147.0	2,437.3	2,087.8	1,684.7	1,599.3
75–84 years	4,469.2	4,729.2	5,183.7	4,052.2	3,599.5	2,894.7	2,758.0
85 years and over	6,102.1	5,978.1	6,932.1	5,478.7	5,361.7	4,330.6	4,131.0
ıll ages	7.8	7.7	7.3	6.5	6.4	5.4	5.1
Inder 15 years	4.7	4.6	4.4	4.6	4.8	4.5	4.3
5–44 years	5.7	5.7	5.2	4.8	4.6	3.9	3.7
	9.3	9.0	8.2	7.0	6.8	5.5	5.2
5–64 years							
	12.6	11.6	10.7	8.7	8.7	6.8	6.3
5 years and over	12.6						
5–64 years		11.6 11.1 12.1	10.7 10.0 11.2	8.7 8.2 9.1	8.7 8.0 9.1	6.8 6.5 7.0	6.3 6.0 6.4

¹Rates for 1990, 1995, and 1997 are based on U.S. Bureau of the Cesus estimates of the civilian population that have been adjusted for net underenumeration in the 1990 Census. See appendix.

Table 2. Number, percent distribution, and rate of discharges from short-stay hospitals and of days of care, with average length of stay, by sex and age: United States, 1997

		Discharges			Days of care		Days of care			
Sex and age	Number in thousands	Percent distribution	Rate per 1,000 population	Number in thousands	Percent distribution	Rate per 1,000 population	Average length of stay in days			
Both sexes										
All ages	30,914	100.0	114.3	157,458	100.0	582.3	5.1			
Under 15 years	2,312	7.5	38.7	9,836	6.2	164.6	4.3			
Under 1 year	775	2.5	196.6	3,929	2.5	996.4	5.1			
1–4 years	688	2.2	43.3	2,165	1.4	136.3	3.1			
5–14 years	848	2.7	21.2	3,742	2.4	93.7	4.4			
15–44 years	10,030	32.4	82.5	37,160	23.6	305.5	3.7			
15–19 years	1,161	3.8	59.6	4,199	2.7	215.5	3.6			
20–24 years	1,601	5.2	90.1	4,815	3.1	270.9	3.0			
25–34 years	3,923	12.7	97.7	13,176	8.4	328.0	3.4			
35–44 years	3,345	10.8	75.7	14,970	9.5	338.6	4.5			
45–64 years	6,377	20.6	115.4	33,264	21.1	601.9	5.2			
45–54 years	3,152	10.2	93.7	15,504	9.8	460.8	4.9			
55–64 years	3,225	10.4	149.1	17,760	11.3	821.4	5.5			
65 years and over	12,196	39.5	361.1	77,198	49.0	2,285.6	6.3			
65–74 years	4,872	15.8	265.9	29,305	18.6	1,599.3	6.0			
75–84 years	4,965	16.1	427.8	32,010	20.3	2,758.0	6.4			
85 years and over	2,359	7.6	613.6	15,883	10.1	4,131.0	6.7			
Under 17 years	2,647	8.6	39.1	11,189	7.1	165.4	4.2			
17–69 years	18,318	59.3	102.5	82,423	52.3	461.3	4.5			
70 years and over	9,949	32.2	412.7	63,845	40.5	2,648.3	6.4			
Male										
	10.000	100.0	00.7	67.066	100.0	E00.2	F F			
All ages	12,268	100.0	92.7	67,266	100.0	508.3	5.5			
Under 15 years	1,316	10.7	43.0	5,623	8.4	183.8	4.3			
Under 1 year	457	3.7	226.6	2,265	3.4	1,122.8	5.0			
1–4 years	394	3.2	48.5	1,258	1.9	154.8	3.2			
5–14 years	465	3.8	22.7	2,101	3.1	102.8	4.5			
15–44 years	2,688	21.9	44.1	13,342	19.8	218.7	5.0			
15–19 years	302	2.5	30.2	1,546	2.3	154.4	5.1			
20–24 years	257	2.1	28.5	1,267	1.9	140.8	4.9			
25–34 years	833	6.8	41.6	3,878	5.8	193.8	4.7			
35–44 years	1,296	10.6	59.0	6,651	9.9	302.7	5.1			
•										
45–64 years	3,161	25.8	117.9	16,690	24.8	622.5	5.3			
45–54 years	1,511	12.3	91.7 159.8	7,694	11.4 13.4	466.7 871.2	5.1 5.5			
55–64 years	1,650	13.5		8,997						
65 years and over	5,102	41.6	366.1	31,611	47.0	2,268.0	6.2			
65–74 years	2,250	18.3	273.8	13,403	19.9	1,630.9	6.0			
75–84 years	2,099	17.1	455.3	13,440	20.0	2,915.1	6.4			
85 years and over	753	6.1	678.4	4,768	7.1	4,298.8	6.3			
Under 17 years	1,439	11.7	41.5	6,197	9.2	178.9	4.3			
17–69 years	6,751	55.0	76.6	35,450	52.7	402.0	5.3			
70 years and over	4,078	33.2	429.0	25,620	38.1	2,695.1	6.3			
•	1,010					_,,				
Female All ages	18,647	100.0	135.0	90,192	100.0	653.1	4.8			
All ages										
Under 15 years	995	5.3	34.1	4,212	4.7	144.5	4.2			
Under 1 year	318	1.7	165.1	1,664	1.8	864.0	5.2			
1–4 years	294	1.6	38.0	907	1.0	117.0	3.1			
5–14 years	383	2.1	19.7	1,641	1.8	84.2	4.3			
15–44 years	7,341	39.4	121.1	23,819	26.4	392.8	3.2			
15–19 years	859	4.6	90.6	2,653	2.9	280.1	3.1			
20–24 years	1,344	7.2	153.2	3,548	3.9	404.4	2.6			
25–34 years	3,090	16.6	153.3	9,298	10.3	461.3	3.0			
35–44 years	2,049	11.0	92.1	8,319	9.2	374.0	4.1			
33,00	2,040	71.0	VZ.1	5,515	5.2	017.0	т. і			

Table 2. Number, percent distribution, and rate of discharges from short-stay hospitals and of days of care, with average length of stay, by sex and age: United States, 1997—Con.

_	Discharges						
Sex and age	Number in thousands	Percent distribution	Rate per 1,000 population	Number in thousands	Percent distribution	Rate per 1,000 population	Average length of stay in days
Female—Continued							
45–64 years	3,216	17.2	113.0	16,574	18.4	582.5	5.2
45–54 years	1,641	8.8	95.6	7,810	8.7	455.2	4.8
55–64 years	1,575	8.4	139.4	8,764	9.7	775.8	5.6
65 years and over	7,094	38.0	357.6	45,587	50.5	2,298.1	6.4
65–74 years	2,621	14.1	259.4	15,903	17.6	1,573.6	6.1
75–84 years	2,866	15.4	409.6	18,570	20.6	2,654.4	6.5
85 years and over	1,607	8.6	587.4	11,115	12.3	4,063.0	6.9
Under 17 years	1,209	6.5	36.6	4,993	5.5	151.4	4.1
17–69 years	11,567	62.0	127.8	46,974	52.1	519.0	4.1
70 years and over	5,871	31.5	402.0	38,226	42.4	2,617.7	6.5

Table 3. Number and rate of discharges from short-stay hospitals and days of care, with average length of stay, by sex, age, and geographic region: United States, 1997

	Disch	Discharges Days of care		Discharges		Days of care	
Sex, age, and region	Number in thousands	Rate per 1,000 population	Number in thousands	Rate per 1,000 population	Average length of stay in days		
Both sexes							
All ages:							
United States	30,914	114.3	157,458	582.3	5.1		
Northeast	6,679	128.5	39,615	762.3	5.9		
Midwest	7,234	115.2	34,773	553.8	4.8		
South	11,445	120.1	58,414	612.8	5.1		
West	5,556	92.1	24,657	408.5	4.4		
Under 15 years:							
United States	2,312	38.7	9,836	164.6	4.3		
Northeast	531	49.2	2,423	224.3	4.6		
Midwest	529	38.8	2,161	158.3	4.1		
South	756	35.9	3,233	153.6	4.3		
West	494	34.7	2,018	141.7	4.1		
15. 44 years:			,				
15–44 years:	40.000	00.5	07.400	205.5	0.7		
United States	10,030	82.5	37,160	305.5	3.7		
Northeast	2,082	90.3	9,526	413.1	4.6		
Midwest	2,215	78.7	7,774	276.3	3.5		
South	3,801	89.0	13,855	324.3	3.6		
West	1,931	69.6	6,005	216.6	3.1		
45–64 years:							
United States	6,377	115.4	33,264	601.9	5.2		
Northeast	1,427	130.9	8,423	772.5	5.9		
Midwest	1,398	108.0	6,953	536.9	5.0		
South	2,483	126.1	12,838	651.7	5.2		
West	1,069	91.2	5,050	431.1	4.7		
65 years and over:							
United States	12,196	361.1	77,198	2,285.6	6.3		
Northeast	2,638	366.3	19,243	2,671.3	7.3		
Midwest	3,091	384.0	17,885	2,221.8	5.8		
South	4,404	371.7	28,487	2,404.4	6.5		
West	2,062	309.0	11,583	1,735.6	5.6		
	2,002	000.0	,000	1,1 0010	0.0		
Male							
All ages:							
United States	12,268	92.7	67,266	508.3	5.5		
Northeast	2,806	111.4	17,500	694.7	6.2		
Midwest	2,916	95.0	15,097	491.9	5.2		
South	4,390	94.9	23,999	518.6	5.5		
West	2,156	71.4	10,670	353.6	5.0		
Under 15 years:							
United States	1,316	43.0	5,623	183.8	4.3		
Northeast	292	52.9	1,331	240.6	4.6		
Midwest	307	43.9	1,219	174.4	4.0		
South	429	39.8	1,892	175.7	4.4		
West	288	39.5	1,181	161.9	4.1		
15–44 years:							
United States	2,688	44.1	13,342	218.7	5.0		
Northeast	668	58.0	3,927	341.4	5.9		
Midwest	603	42.8	2,766	195.9	4.6		
South	977	46.2	4,546	214.8	4.7		
West	440	31.0		147.9	4.8		
VVG3L	440	31.0	2,103	141.9	4.0		

Table 3. Number and rate of discharges from short-stay hospitals and days of care, with average length of stay, by sex, age, and geographic region: United States, 1997—Con.

	Disch	charges Days of care		arges Days of care		Days of care	
Sex, age, and region	Number in thousands	Rate per 1,000 population	Number in thousands	Rate per 1,000 population	Average length of stay in days		
Male—Continued							
45–64 years:							
United States	3,161	117.9	16,690	622.5	5.3		
Northeast	729	139.0	4,320	823.6	5.9		
Midwest	694	110.1	3,531	560.2	5.1		
South	1,201	126.7	6,246	659.1	5.2		
West	538	92.9	2,594	448.3	4.8		
55 years and over:							
Jnited States	5,102	366.1	31,611	2,268.0	6.2		
Northeast	1,117	383.7	7,923	2,721.5	7.1		
Midwest	1,311	399.4	7,582	2,309.0	5.8		
South	1,784	366.2	11,315	2,322.6	6.3		
West	890	309.9	4,791	1,668.6	5.4		
Female							
All ages:							
Jnited States	18,647	135.0	90,192	653.1	4.8		
Northeast	3,873	144.6	22,114	825.9	5.7		
Midwest	4,318	134.6	19,675	613.1	4.6		
South	7,055	143.8	34,415	701.7	4.9		
West	3,400	112.7	13,987	463.4	4.1		
Jnder 15 years:							
Jnited States	995	34.1	4,212	144.5	4.2		
Northeast	239	45.3	1,092	207.2	4.6		
Midwest	223	33.4	942	141.4	4.2		
South	328	31.9	1,341	130.4	4.1		
West	206	29.7	837	120.6	4.1		
5–44 years:							
Jnited States	7,341	121.1	23,819	392.8	3.2		
Northeast	1,415	122.4	5,599	484.6	4.0		
Midwest	1,612	115.0	5,008	357.2	3.1		
South	2,824	131.0	9,309	431.7	3.3		
West	1,491	110.4	3,902	288.9	2.6		
45-64 years:							
Jnited States	3,216	113.0	16,574	582.5	5.2		
Northeast	698	123.4	4,103	725.2	5.9		
Midwest	704	106.0	3,422	514.9	4.9		
South	1,283	125.5	6,592	644.9	5.1		
West	531	89.6	2,456	414.3	4.6		
65 years and over:							
United States	7,094	357.6	45,587	2,298.1	6.4		
Northeast	1,522	354.5	11,320	2,637.3	7.4		
Midwest	1,780	373.4	10,303	2,161.6	5.8		
South	2,620	375.6	17,172	2,461.5	6.6		
West	1,172	308.3	6,792	1,786.2	5.8		

Table 4. Number of deaths and fatality rate for discharges from short-stay hospitals by sex and age: United States, 1997

Age	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female
	N	umber in thousa	ands	Ra	te per 100 discha	arges
All ages	783	388	395	2.5	3.2	2.1
Under 65 years	187	101	86	1.0	1.4	0.7
Under 15 years	13	7	6	0.6	0.5	0.6
15–44 years	49	28	21	0.5	1.0	0.3
45–64 years	125	66	59	2.0	2.1	1.8
65 years and over	596	287	309	4.9	5.6	4.4
65–74 years	175	94	81	3.6	4.2	3.1
75–84 years	244	127	117	4.9	6.0	4.1
85 years and over	177	66	111	7.5	8.8	6.9

Table 5. Number and rate of discharges from short-stay hospitals and of days of care, with average length of stay, by selected first-listed diagnostic categories: United States, 1997

	Disch	Discharges		Days of care	
Diagnostic category and ICD-9-CM code	Number in thousands	Rate per 10,000 population	Number in thousands	Rate per 10,000 population	Average length of stay in days
All conditions ¹	30,914	1,143.1	157,458	5,822.5	5.1
Heart disease 391–392.0,393–398,402,404,410–416,420–429 Acute myocardial infarction 410 Coronary atherosclerosis 414.0 Other ischemic heart disease 411–413,414.1–414.9 Cardiac dysrhythmias 427	4,188 756 1,009 325 635	154.9 28.0 37.3 12.0 23.5	21,533 4,566 4,579 1,021 2,662	796.3 168.8 169.3 37.7 98.5	5.1 6.0 4.5 3.1 4.2
Congestive heart failure	957	35.4	5,572	206.0	5.8
Females with deliveries	3,808 1,336 149 193 112	140.8 49.4 5.5 7.1 4.1	9,227 9,376 1,390 1,477 339	341.2 346.7 51.4 54.6 12.5	2.4 7.0 9.3 7.7 3.0
Pneumonia	1,304	48.2	8,289	306.5	6.4
Psychoses	1,221	45.1	11,077	409.6	9.1
Cerebrovascular disease 430–438 Fractures, all sites² 800–829 Fracture of neck of femur² 820	1,018 1,008 326	37.6 37.3 12.0	5,853 5,786 2,393	216.4 214.0 88.5	5.8 5.7 7.3
Diabetes mellitus	507	18.8	2,937	108.6	5.8
Asthma 493 Chronic bronchitis 491	484 448	17.9 16.6	1,630 2,422	60.3 89.6	3.4 5.4
Volume depletion	420	15.5	1,840	68.0	4.4
Osteoarthrosis and allied disorders	410	15.2	2,150	79.5	5.2
Cholelithiasis	393	14.5	1,574	58.2	4.0
Benign neoplasms 210–229 Septicemia 038	370 352	13.7 13.0	1,281 2,835	47.4 104.8	3.5 8.1
Cellulitis and abscess	323 311	12.0 11.5	1,722 865	63.7 32.0	5.3 2.8

¹Includes data for diagnostic conditions not shown in table.

²Excludes fractures coded as 733.1, pathologic fracture.

Table 6. Number and rate of discharges from short-stay hospitals, with average length of stay, for patients 65 years of age and over by age and selected first-listed diagnostic categories: United States, 1997

Diagnostic category and ICD-9-CM code	65 years and over	65–74 years	75–84 years	85 years and over
		Discharges	in thousands	
All conditions ¹	12,196	4,872	4,965	2,359
Heart disease	2,709	1,126	1,111	472
Acute myocardial infarction	451	198	182	70
Coronary atherosclerosis	577	318	216	43
Other ischemic heart disease	169	77	71	22
Cardiac dysrhythmias	441	163	194	83
Congestive heart failure	754	241	310	203
Pneumonia	787	231	333	223
Cerebrovascular disease	772	289	331	152
Malignant neoplasms	756	378	286	91
Malignant neoplasm of large intestine and rectum	106	41	47	19
Malignant neoplasm of trachea, bronchus, and lung 162,176.4,197.0,197.3	124	65	50	*9
Fractures, all sites ²	527	120	222	185
Fracture of neck of femur ²	297	42	136	119
Chronic bronchitis	301	146	115	39
	284	159	106	19
Osteoarthrosis and allied disorders				
Psychoses	247	99	108	40
Septicemia	231	74	91	67
folume depletion	223	56	95	71
Diabetes mellitus	199	101	73	25
Cholelithiasis	150	70	59	21
Diverticula of intestine	144	52	59	33
Cellulitis and abscess	118	48	46	24
	С	ischarge rate per	10,000 populatio	n
All conditions ¹	3,610.9	2,658.7	4,277.8	6,136.3
Heart disease	802.2	614.3	957.5	1,228.7
Acute myocardial infarction	133.5	108.2	157.1	182.8
Coronary atherosclerosis	170.8	173.7	186.0	111.1
Other ischemic heart disease	50.1	41.8	61.1	56.0
Cardiac dysrhythmias	130.6	89.0	167.5	217.1
Congestive heart failure	223.2	131.8	267.0	526.9
Pneumonia	233.1	126.0	287.1	581.0
Cerebrovascular disease	228.6	157.9	285.0	395.5
Malignant neoplasms	223.8	206.3	246.7	237.9
Malignant neoplasm of large intestine and rectum	31.4	22.1	40.3	48.6
Malignant neoplasm of trachea, bronchus, and lung 162,176.4,197.0,197.3	36.6	35.7	42.8	*22.5
Fractures, all sites ²	156.1	65.7	191.4	480.3
Fracture of neck of femur ²	87.9	22.9	117.1	309.2
Chronic bronchitis	89.1	79.9	99.4	101.8
	84.1	86.9	91.4	48.5
Osteoarthrosis and allied disorders				
Psychoses	73.0	54.0	92.9	103.4
Septicemia	68.5	40.2	78.0	174.8
•	66.0	30.8	81.8	185.7
/olume depletion	59.0	55.3	62.9	65.0
/olume depletion 276.5 Diabetes mellitus 250		55.3 38.3	62.9 50.7	65.0 55.7
Volume depletion 276.5 Diabetes mellitus 250 Cholelithiasis 574 Diverticula of intestine 562	59.0			

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Number and rate of discharges from short-stay hospitals, with average length of stay, for patients 65 years of age and over by age and selected first-listed diagnostic categories: United States, 1997—Con.

Diagnostic category and ICD-9-CM code	65 years and over	65-74 years	75–84 years	85 years and over
		Average length	of stay in days	
All conditions ¹	6.3	6.0	6.4	6.7
Heart disease	5.5	5.2	5.4	6.5
Acute myocardial infarction	6.6	6.4	6.3	8.1
Coronary atherosclerosis	5.1	4.6	4.8	10.1
Other ischemic heart disease	3.7	3.4	3.6	5.0
Cardiac dysrhythmias	4.4	3.9	4.3	5.8
Congestive heart failure	5.9	6.0	5.9	5.9
Pneumonia	7.2	7.6	7.2	6.8
Cerebrovascular disease	5.8	5.5	5.7	6.3
Malignant neoplasms	7.4	7.2	7.7	7.1
Malignant neoplasm of large intestine and rectum	9.7	9.0	9.5	11.4
Malignant neoplasm of trachea, bronchus, and lung 162,176.4,197.0,197.3	7.7	8.3	7.5	*5.4
ractures, all sites ²	6.7	5.9	7.1	6.8
Fracture of neck of femur ²	7.4	7.0	7.5	7.4
Chronic bronchitis	5.7	5.7	5.8	5.4
Osteoarthrosis and allied disorders	5.5	4.7	4.9	15.0
Psychoses	11.3	11.3	11.8	10.0
Septicemia	8.3	8.2	8.3	8.3
/olume depletion	5.5	4.9	5.3	6.1
Diabetes mellitus	7.2	7.3	7.4	6.5
Cholelithiasis	5.2	4.6	5.5	6.5
Diverticula of intestine	5.9	5.3	6.3	6.0
Cellulitis and abscess	6.7	6.5	6.6	7.4

^{*} Figure does not meet standard of reliability or precision.

¹Includes data for diagnostic conditions not shown in table.

²Excludes fractures coded as 733.1, pathologic fracture.

Table 7. Number of discharges from short-stay hospitals by age and first-listed diagnosis: United States, 1997

Category of first-listed diagnosis and ICD-9-CM code	All ages	Under 15 years	15–44 years	45–64 years	65 years and over
		Nu	mber in thousar	nds	
All conditions	30,914	2,312	10,030	6,377	12,196
nfectious and parasitic diseases	853	179	199	139	337
Septicemia	352	21	38	62	231
Neoplasms	1,749	47	279	585	838
Malignant neoplasms	1,336	37	122	420	756
Malignant neoplasm of large intestine and rectum	149	*	*5	38	106
Malignant neoplasm of trachea, bronchus, and lung 162,176.4,197.0,197.3	193	*	8	59	124
Malignant neoplasm of breast	112	*	15	42	54
Benign neoplasms	370	7	150	152	61
Endocrine, nutritional and metabolic diseases, and immunity disorders 240–279	1,299	127	244	333	593
Diabetes mellitus	507	15	120	173	199
Volume depletion	420	91	52	54	223
Diseases of the blood and blood-forming organs	373	64	96	67	145
Mental disorders	1,964	91	1,120	440	313
Psychoses	1,221	43	648	283	247
Alcohol dependence syndrome	192	*	118	60	13
		00			
Diseases of the nervous system and sense organs	554	90	131	115	218
Diseases of the circulatory system	6,097	32	413	1,666	3,986
Heart disease	4,188	21	249	1,209	2,709
Acute myocardial infarction	756	*	44	260	451
Coronary atherosclerosis	1,009	*	44	387	577
Other ischemic heart disease	325	*	28	127	169
Cardiac dysrhythmias	635	9	45	140	441
Congestive heart failure	957	*	28	173	754
Cerebrovascular disease	1,018	•	40	201	772
Diseases of the respiratory system	3,475	732	423	603	1,716
Acute bronchitis and bronchiolitis	271	190	17	18	46
Pneumonia	1,304	201	130	185	787
Chronic bronchitis	448	*	19	126	301
Asthma	484	214	117	88	65
Diseases of the digestive system	2,998	224	765	777	1,231
Appendicitis	232	63	126	29	14
Noninfectious enteritis and colitis	281	67	84	47	83
Diverticula of intestine	233	*	20	69	144
Cholelithiasis	393	*	132	108	150
Diseases of the genitourinary system	1,694	71	573	393	657
Calculus of kidney and ureter	166	*	81	54	30
Complications of pregnancy, childbirth, and the puerperium ¹ 630–677	500	*	497	*	
viseases of the skin and subcutaneous tissue	454	38	117	116	182
Cellulitis and abscess	323	25	90	89	118
Diseases of the musculoskeletal system and connective tissue	1,500	38	342	452	668
Osteoarthrosis and allied disorders	410	*	12	113	284
Intervertebral disc disorders	311	*	143	121	46
	155	110	24	15	*7
congenital anomalies			×*	*	,
ertain conditions originating in the perinatal period	138	135			
ymptoms, signs, and ill-defined conditions	274	53	99	65	57
njury and poisoning	2,520	213	821	490	996
Fractures, all sites ²	1,008	72	268	141	527
Fracture of neck of femur ²	326	*	*7	18	297
Poisonings	197	22	119	33	22
Supplementary classifications	4,318	63	3,884	120	250
Females with deliveries	3,808	12	3,791	*4	

^{*} Figure does not meet standard of reliablility or precision.

^{. . .} Category not applicable.

¹First-listed diagnosis for females with deliveries is coded V27, shown under "Supplementary classifications."

 $^{^2\}mbox{Excludes}$ fractures coded as 733.1, pathologic fracture.

Table 8. Rate of discharges from short-stay hospitals by age and first-listed diagnosis: United States, 1997

Category of first-listed diagnosis and ICD-9-CM code	All ages	Under 15 years	15–44 years	45–64 years	65 years and over
		Rate	per 10,000 pop	ulation	
All conditions	1,143.1	386.9	824.5	1,153.9	3,610.9
nfectious and parasitic diseases	31.6	30.0	16.3	25.1	99.7
Septicemia	13.0	3.5	3.1	11.2	68.5
leoplasms	64.7	7.9	22.9	105.8	248.1
Malignant neoplasms	49.4	6.3	10.0	76.1	223.8
Malignant neoplasm of large intestine and rectum	5.5	*	*0.4	6.9	31.4
Malignant neoplasm of trachea, bronchus, and lung 162,176.4,197.0,197.3	7.1	*	0.7	10.7	36.6
Malignant neoplasm of breast	4.1	*	1.3	7.6	16.1
Benign neoplasms	13.7	1.1	12.3	27.5	18.1
ndocrine, nutritional and metabolic diseases, and immunity disorders 240–279	48.0	21.3	20.1	60.3	175.7
Diabetes mellitus	18.8	2.6	9.8	31.3	59.0
Volume depletion	15.5	15.2	4.3	9.8	66.0
biseases of the blood and blood-forming organs	13.8	10.7	7.9	12.1	43.0
lental disorders	72.6	15.2	92.1	79.5	92.8
Psychoses	45.1	7.1	53.3 9.7	51.2	73.0 3.9
Alcohol dependence syndrome	7.1			10.8	
biseases of the nervous system and sense organs	20.5	15.1	10.8	20.8	64.5
iseases of the circulatory system	225.5	5.4	34.0	301.4	1,180.2
Heart disease	154.9	3.5	20.4	218.7	802.2
Acute myocardial infarction	28.0	*	3.6	47.1	133.5
Coronary atherosclerosis	37.3	*	3.7	70.1	170.8
Other ischemic heart disease	12.0	*	2.3	22.9	50.1
Cardiac dysrhythmias	23.5	1.4	3.7	25.4	130.6
Congestive heart failure	35.4	*	2.3	31.3	223.2
Cerebrovascular disease	37.6	*	3.3	36.5	228.6
iseases of the respiratory system	128.5	122.6	34.8	109.1	508.1
Acute bronchitis and bronchiolitis	10.0	31.7	1.4	3.3	13.7
Pneumonia	48.2	33.7	10.7	33.4	233.1
Chronic bronchitis	16.6	*	1.5	22.7	89.1
Asthma	17.9	35.8	9.6	15.9	19.2
iseases of the digestive system	110.9	37.5	62.9	140.6	364.6
Appendicitis	8.6	10.5	10.4	5.3	4.3
Noninfectious enteritis and colitis	10.4	11.2	6.9	8.5	24.7
Diverticula of intestine	8.6	*	1.6	12.5	42.5
Cholelithiasis	14.5	*	10.8	19.5	44.5
iseases of the genitourinary system	62.6	11.9	47.1	71.1	194.6
Calculus of kidney and ureter	6.1	*	6.6	9.8	9.0
omplications of pregnancy, childbirth, and the puerperium ¹ 630–677	18.5	*	40.9	*	
iseases of the skin and subcutaneous tissue	16.8	6.4	9.6	21.1	53.8
Cellulitis and abscess	12.0	4.2	7.4	16.1	35.1
iseases of the musculoskeletal system and connective tissue	55.5	6.3	28.1	81.8	197.7
Osteoarthrosis and allied disorders	15.2	*	1.0	20.5	84.1
Intervertebral disc disorders	11.5	*	11.7	21.9	13.7
		10.4	1.9		
ongenital anomalies	5.7	18.4		2.6	*2.1
ertain conditions originating in the perinatal period	5.1	22.7	*	*	*
ymptoms, signs, and ill-defined conditions	10.1	8.9	8.1	11.8	16.8
jury and poisoning	93.2	35.7	67.5	88.7	294.8
Fractures, all sites ²	37.3	12.0	22.0	25.6	156.1
Fracture of neck of femur ²	12.0	*	*0.6	3.3	87.9
Poisonings	7.3	3.7	9.8	6.0	6.6
Supplementary classifications	159.7	10.6	319.3	21.7	74.1
Females with deliveries	140.8	2.0	311.7	*0.8	

^{*} Figure does not meet standard of reliablility or precision.

^{...} Category not applicable.

¹First-listed diagnosis for females with deliveries is coded V27, shown under "Supplementary classifications."

 $^{^2\}mbox{Excludes}$ fractures coded as 733.1, pathologic fracture.

Table 9. Average length of stay for discharges from short-stay hospitals by age and first-listed diagnosis: United States, 1997

Category of first-listed diagnosis and ICD-9-CM code	All ages	Under 15 years	15–44 years	45–64 years	65 years and over
		y in days			
All conditions	5.1	4.3	3.7	5.2	6.3
nfectious and parasitic diseases	6.6	3.3	6.3	7.9	7.9
Septicemia	8.1	5.2	7.5	8.6	8.3
Neoplasms	6.2	6.4	4.5	5.7	7.2
Malignant neoplasms	7.0	6.8	6.3	6.6	7.4
Malignant neoplasm of large intestine and rectum	9.3	*	*8.1	8.6	9.7
Malignant neoplasm of trachea, bronchus, and lung 162,176.4,197.0,197.3	7.7	*	5.5	7.8	7.7
Malignant neoplasm of breast	3.0	*	3.0	3.5	2.7
Benign neoplasms	3.5	4.9	2.9	3.2	5.3
Endocrine, nutritional and metabolic diseases, and immunity disorders 240–279	5.1	3.0	4.1	4.8	6.1
Diabetes mellitus	5.8	4.0	3.7	5.7	7.2
Volume depletion	4.4	2.3	3.3	4.5	5.5
·	5.2	3.7	5.8	4.5	5.7
Diseases of the blood and blood-forming organs					
Mental disorders	8.0	10.8	6.8	8.5	10.4
Psychoses	9.1	10.2	7.8	9.9	11.3
Alcohol dependence syndrome	6.6	*	5.8	7.8	8.7
Diseases of the nervous system and sense organs	5.7	3.7	4.8	5.6	7.0
Diseases of the circulatory system	5.3	4.4	4.6	4.7	5.7
Heart disease	5.1	4.5	4.5	4.5	5.5
Acute myocardial infarction	6.0	*	4.1	5.4	6.6
Coronary atherosclerosis	4.5	*	3.2	3.9	5.1
Other ischemic heart disease	3.1	*	2.2	2.6	3.7
Cardiac dysrhythmias	4.2	3.4	2.9	3.9	4.4
Congestive heart failure	5.8	*	5.8	5.4	5.9
Cerebrovascular disease	5.8	*4.4	6.5	5.6	5.8
Diseases of the respiratory system	5.6	3.1	4.3	5.8	7.0
Acute bronchitis and bronchiolitis	3.5	3.2	2.8	3.9	4.7
Pneumonia	6.4	3.7	5.7	6.1	7.2
Chronic bronchitis	5.4	*	4.6	4.9	5.7
Asthma	3.4	2.4	3.1	4.7	5.2
Diseases of the digestive system	4.9	3.3	4.1	4.8	5.7
Appendicitis	3.8	3.6	2.9	4.7	9.7
Noninfectious enteritis and colitis	4.3	2.3	4.0	5.1	5.8
Diverticula of intestine	5.6	*	5.2	5.2	5.9
Cholelithiasis	4.0	*	3.2	3.3	5.2
Diseases of the genitourinary system	4.0	3.7	2.9	3.6	5.2
Calculus of kidney and ureter	2.2	3. <i>1</i> *	2.0	2.2	2.8
		*		*	
Complications of pregnancy, childbirth, and the puerperium ¹ 630–677	2.5	*	2.5		
biseases of the skin and subcutaneous tissue	5.8	3.6	4.2	5.6	7.5
Cellulitis and abscess	5.3	3.6	4.1	5.2	6.7
biseases of the musculoskeletal system and connective tissue 710–739	4.5	4.1	3.3	3.9	5.6
Osteoarthrosis and allied disorders	5.2	*	3.0	4.9	5.5
Intervertebral disc disorders	2.8	*	2.4	2.6	4.7
Congenital anomalies	5.7	6.1	3.5	5.3	*6.0
Pertain conditions originating in the perinatal period	9.7	9.8	*	*	*
Symptoms, signs, and ill-defined conditions	2.7	2.2	2.2	2.8	4.0
njury and poisoning	5.2	4.0	4.2	5.3	6.3
Fractures, all sites ²	5.7	4.4	4.5	5.2	6.7
Fracture of neck of femur ²	7.3	4.0	*6.2	7.2	7.4
Poisonings	2.8	1.8	2.4	3.9	4.4
Supplementary classifications	3.1	5.1	2.5	6.6	10.5
Females with deliveries	2.4	*	2.4	*	

^{*} Figure does not meet standard of reliablility or precision.

^{...} Category not applicable.

¹First-listed diagnosis for females with deliveries is coded V27, shown under "Supplementary classifications."

²Excludes fractures coded as 733.1, pathologic fracture.

Table 10. Number of discharges from short-stay hospitals, by sex and first-listed diagnosis: United States, 1997

Category of first-listed diagnosis and ICD-9-CM code	Both sexes	Male	Female
	Nu	ds	
All conditions	30,914	12,268	18,647
Infectious and parasitic diseases	853	408	445
Septicemia	352	154	198
Neoplasms	1,749	685	1,063
Malignant neoplasms	1,336	620	715
Malignant neoplasm of large intestine and rectum	149	71	78
Malignant neoplasm of trachea, bronchus, and lung	193	115	78
Malignant neoplasm of breast	112	*	111
Benign neoplasms	370	44	325
Endocrine, nutritional and metabolic diseases, and immunity disorders	1,299	551	748
Diabetes mellitus	507	243	264
Volume depletion	420	177	243
Diseases of the blood and blood-forming organs	373	155	218
Mental disorders	1,964	981	983
Psychoses	1,221	552	668
Alcohol dependence syndrome	192	137	54
Diseases of the nervous system and sense organs	554	255	299
Diseases of the circulatory system	6,097	3,091	3,006
Heart disease	4,188	2,212	1,976
Acute myocardial infarction	756	456	300
Coronary atherosclerosis	1,009	625	384
Other ischemic heart disease	325	168	157
Cardiac dysrhythmias	635	306	328
Congestive heart failure	957	431	526
Cerebrovascular disease	1,018	462	556
Diseases of the respiratory system	3,475	1,664	1,811
Acute bronchitis and bronchiolitis	271	148	123
Pneumonia	1,304	638	666
Chronic bronchitis	448	181	266
Asthma	484	204	279
Diseases of the digestive system	2,998	1,306	1,692
Appendicitis	232	136	96
Noninfectious enteritis and colitis	281	110	171
Diverticula of intestine	233	96	136
Cholelithiasis	393	117	276
Diseases of the genitourinary system	1,694	540	1,154
Calculus of kidney and ureter	166	97	69
Complications of pregnancy, childbirth, and the puerperium ¹	500		500
Diseases of the skin and subcutaneous tissue	454	230	224
Cellulitis and abscess	323	170	154
Diseases of the musculoskeletal system and connective tissue	1,500	655	845
Osteoarthrosis and allied disorders	410	147	263
Intervertebral disc disorders	311	167	143
Congenital anomalies	155	81	74
Certain conditions originating in the perinatal period	138	81	57
Symptoms, signs, and ill-defined conditions	274	131	144
Injury and poisoning	2,520	1,233	1,287
Fractures, all sites ²	1,008	434	574
Fracture of neck of femur ²	326	86	240
Poisonings	197	79	117
Supplementary classifications	4,318	222	4,096
Females with deliveries	3,808		3,808

^{*} Figure does not meet standard of reliability or precision.

^{...} Category not applicable.

¹First-listed diagnosis for females with deliveries is coded V27, shown under "Supplementary classifications."

²Excludes fractures coded as 733.1, pathologic fracture.

Table 11. Rate of discharges from short-stay hospitals by sex and first-listed diagnosis: United States, 1997

Category of first-listed diagnosis and ICD-9-CM code	Both sexes	Male	Female
	Rate	per 10,000 population	on
All conditions	1,143.1	927.0	1,350.2
Infectious and parasitic diseases	31.6	30.9	32.2
Septicemia	13.0	11.7	14.3
Neoplasms	64.7	51.8	77.0
Malignant neoplasms	49.4	46.9	51.8
Malignant neoplasm of large intestine and rectum	5.5	5.4	5.6
Malignant neoplasm of trachea, bronchus, and lung	7.1	8.7	5.6
Malignant neoplasm of breast	4.1	*	8.0
Benign neoplasms	13.7	3.4	23.5
Endocrine, nutritional and metabolic diseases, and immunity disorders	48.0	41.6	54.2
Diabetes mellitus	18.8	18.4	19.1
Volume depletion	15.5	13.4	17.6
Diseases of the blood and blood-forming organs	13.8	11.7	15.8
	72.6	74.1	71.2
Vental disorders 290–319 Psychoses 290–299	72.6 45.1	74.1 41.7	48.4
Alcohol dependence syndrome	7.1		3.9
•		10.4	
Diseases of the nervous system and sense organs	20.5	19.3	21.6
Diseases of the circulatory system	225.5	233.6	217.7
Heart disease	154.9	167.1	143.1
Acute myocardial infarction	28.0	34.5	21.7
Coronary atherosclerosis	37.3	47.3	27.8
Other ischemic heart disease	12.0	12.7	11.4
Cardiac dysrhythmias	23.5	23.1	23.8
Congestive heart failure	35.4	32.6	38.1
Cerebrovascular disease	37.6	34.9	40.3
Diseases of the respiratory system	128.5	125.7	131.1
Acute bronchitis and bronchiolitis	10.0	11.2	8.9
Pneumonia	48.2	48.2	48.2
Chronic bronchitis	16.6	13.7	19.3
Asthma	17.9	15.4	20.2
Diseases of the digestive system	110.9	98.7	122.5
Appendicitis	8.6	10.3	7.0
Noninfectious enteritis and colitis	10.4	8.3	12.4
Diverticula of intestine	8.6	7.3	9.9
Cholelithiasis	14.5	8.9	20.0
Diseases of the genitourinary system	62.6	40.8	83.6
Calculus of kidney and ureter	6.1	7.3	5.0
Complications of pregnancy, childbirth, and the puerperium ¹	18.5		36.2
Diseases of the skin and subcutaneous tissue	16.8	17.4	16.2
Cellulitis and abscess	12.0	12.8	11.1
Diseases of the musculoskeletal system and connective tissue	55.5	49.5	61.2
Osteoarthrosis and allied disorders	15.2	49.5 11.1	19.0
Intervertebral disc disorders	11.5	12.6	10.4
Congenital anomalies	5.7	6.1	5.4
Certain conditions originating in the perinatal period	5.1	6.1	4.1
Symptoms, signs, and ill-defined conditions	10.1	9.9	10.4
njury and poisoning	93.2	93.2	93.2
Fractures, all sites ²	37.3	32.8	41.6
Fracture of neck of femur ²	12.0	6.5	17.4
Poisonings	7.3	6.0	8.5
Supplementary classifications	159.7	16.7	296.6
Females with deliveries	140.8		275.7

^{*} Figure does not meet standard of reliability or precision.

^{...} Category not applicable.

¹First-listed diagnosis for females with deliveries is coded V27, shown under "Supplementary classifications."

 $^{^2\}mbox{Excludes}$ fractures coded as 733.1, pathologic fracture.

Table 12. Average length of stay for discharges from short-stay hospitals by sex and first-listed diagnosis: United States, 1997

Category of first-listed diagnosis and ICD-9-CM code	Both sexes	Male	Female
	Average	lays	
All conditions	5.1	5.5	4.8
Infectious and parasitic diseases	6.6	6.6	6.6
Septicemia	8.1	7.8	8.2
Neoplasms	6.2	6.8	5.8
Malignant neoplasms	7.0	7.0	7.0
Malignant neoplasm of large intestine and rectum	9.3	9.5	9.2
Malignant neoplasm of trachea, bronchus, and lung	7.7	7.5	7.9
Malignant neoplasm of breast	3.0	*	3.0
Benign neoplasms	3.5	5.1	3.2
Endocrine, nutritional and metabolic diseases, and immunity disorders	5.1	5.3	4.9
Diabetes mellitus	5.8	5.9	5.7
Volume depletion	4.4	4.2	4.5
Diseases of the blood and blood-forming organs	5.2	4.8	5.4
Mental disorders	8.0	7.6	8.3
Psychoses	9.1	8.8	9.3
Alcohol dependence syndrome	6.6	6.3	7.6
Diseases of the nervous system and sense organs	5.7	5.8	5.6
Diseases of the circulatory system	5.3	5.1	5.6
Heart disease	5.1	4.9	5.5
Acute myocardial infarction	6.0	5.6	6.6
Coronary atherosclerosis	4.5	4.2	5.0
Other ischemic heart disease	3.1	2.9	3.4
Cardiac dysrhythmias	4.2	4.1	4.3
Congestive heart failure	5.8	5.7	5.9
Cerebrovascular disease 430–438	5.8	5.5	6.0
Diseases of the respiratory system	5.6	5.5	5.8
Acute bronchitis and bronchiolitis	3.5	3.2	3.8
Pneumonia	6.4	6.2	6.5
Chronic bronchitis	5.4	5.4	5.4
Asthma	3.4	3.0	3.7
Diseases of the digestive system	4.9	5.0	4.8
Appendicitis	3.8	3.8	3.7
Noninfectious enteritis and colitis	4.3	4.2	4.4
Diverticula of intestine	5.6	5.4	5.8
Cholelithiasis	4.0	4.9	3.6
Diseases of the genitourinary system	4.0	4.3	3.8
Calculus of kidney and ureter	2.2	2.2	2.3
Complications of pregnancy, childbirth, and the puerperium ¹	2.5		2.5
Diseases of the skin and subcutaneous tissue	5.8	5.7	5.9
Cellulitis and abscess	5.3	5.2	5.5
Diseases of the musculoskeletal system and connective tissue	4.5	4.0	4.9
Osteoarthrosis and allied disorders	5.2	4.4	5.7
Intervertebral disc disorders	2.8	2.6	3.0
Congenital anomalies	5.7	5.2	6.1
Certain conditions originating in the perinatal period	9.7	9.6	9.8
Symptoms, signs, and ill-defined conditions	2.7	2.5	3.0
	5.2	5.0	5.5
Injury and poisoning	5.2 5.7	5.0 5.2	5.5 6.1
Fractures, all sites 800–829 Fracture of neck of femur ² 820	5.7 7.3	5.2 7.8	7.2
	7.3 2.8	7.8 3.2	7.2 2.5
Poisonings			
Supplementary classifications	3.1	8.6	2.8
Females with deliveries	2.4		2.4

^{*} Figure does not meet standard of reliability or precision.

^{...} Category not applicable.

¹First-listed diagnosis for females with deliveries is coded V27, shown under "Supplementary classifications."

²Excludes fractures coded as 733.1, pathologic fracture.

Table 13. Number of discharges from short-stay hospitals by geographic region and first-listed diagnosis: United States, 1997

Category of first-listed diagnosis and ICD-9-CM code	United States	Northeast	Midwest	South	West		
	Number in thousands						
All conditions	30,914	6,679	7,234	11,445	5,556		
nfectious and parasitic diseases	853	196	193	321	144		
Septicemia	352	72	90	130	60		
Neoplasms	1,749	425	376	621	327		
Malignant neoplasms	1,336	335	291	461	249		
Malignant neoplasm of large intestine and rectum	149	35	39	46	29		
Malignant neoplasm of trachea, bronchus, and lung	193	43	40	82	28		
Malignant neoplasm of breast	112	28	22	42	19		
Benign neoplasms	370	79	74	147	70		
•							
Endocrine, nutritional and metabolic diseases, and immunity disorders 240–279	1,299	279	306	508	205		
Diabetes mellitus	507	106	111	204	87		
Volume depletion	420	92	105	165	58		
Diseases of the blood and blood-forming organs	373	96	79	143	54		
Mental disorders	1,964	604	486	698	176		
Psychoses	1,221	374	308	430	109		
Alcohol dependence syndrome	192	46	*	*	*		
Diseases of the nervous system and sense organs	554	145	125	191	93		
Diseases of the circulatory system	6,097	1,374	1,456	2,288	980		
Heart disease	4,188	980	1,033	1,489	687		
Acute myocardial infarction	756	166	181	256	154		
Coronary atherosclerosis	1,009	239	255	354	161		
Other ischemic heart disease	325	92	65	118	51		
Cardiac dysrhythmias	635	163	157	224	91		
Congestive heart failure	957	206	258	366	127		
Cerebrovascular disease	1,018	196	236	422	164		
Diseases of the respiratory system	3,475	674	820	1,405	576		
Acute bronchitis and bronchiolitis	271	40	58	121	52		
Pneumonia	1,304	217	308	546	232		
Chronic bronchitis	448	84	113	193	58		
Asthma	484	124	120	170	70		
Diseases of the digestive system	2,998	639	691	1,101	567		
Appendicitis	232	44	61	67	61		
Noninfectious enteritis and colitis	281	59	66	115	41		
Diverticula of intestine	233	55	53	82	42		
Cholelithiasis	393	105	85	125	78		
Diseases of the genitourinary system	1,694	324	403	672	295		
Calculus of kidney and ureter	166	37	44	67	18		
Complications of pregnancy, childbirth, and the puerperium ¹	500	100	109	193	98		
Diseases of the skin and subcutaneous tissue	454	98	115	161	79		
	323	70			58		
Cellulitis and abscess			81	115			
Diseases of the musculoskeletal system and connective tissue 710–739	1,500	315	364	544	277		
Osteoarthrosis and allied disorders	410	88	112	136	74		
Intervertebral disc disorders	311	53	79	125	54		
Congenital anomalies	155	53	*	36	39		
Certain conditions originating in the perinatal period	138	24	*	39	38		
Symptoms, signs, and ill-defined conditions	274	60	47	117	50		
njury and poisoning	2,520	523	575	889	534		
Fractures, all sites ²	1,008	191	231	368	218		
Fracture of neck of femur ²	326	58	77	124	66		
Poisonings	197	40	49	61	46		
Supplementary classifications	4,318	750	1,025	1,517	1,025		
Females with deliveries	3,808	621	830	1,407	949		

^{*} Figure does not meet standard of reliablility or precision.

¹First-listed diagnosis for females with deliveries is coded V27, shown under "Supplementary classifications."

²Excludes fractures coded as 733.1, pathologic fracture.

Table 14. Rate of discharges from short-stay hospitals by geographic region and first-listed diagnosis: United States, 1997

Category of first-listed diagnosis and ICD-9-CM code	United States	Northeast	Midwest	South	West	
		Rate per 10,000 population				
All conditions	1,143.1	1,285.2	1,152.2	1,200.7	920.5	
Infectious and parasitic diseases	31.6	37.7	30.7	33.6	23.9	
Septicemia	13.0	13.8	14.4	13.7	9.9	
Neoplasms	64.7	81.8	59.8	65.2	54.1	
Malignant neoplasms	49.4	64.4	46.4	48.3	41.3	
Malignant neoplasm of large intestine and rectum	5.5	6.7	6.2	4.8	4.9	
Malignant neoplasm of trachea, bronchus, and lung 162,176.4,197.0,197.3	7.1	8.3	6.4	8.6	4.7	
Malignant neoplasm of breast	4.1	5.4	3.6	4.4	3.2	
Benign neoplasms	13.7	15.2	11.8	15.4	11.6	
Endocrine, nutritional and metabolic diseases, and immunity disorders 240–279	48.0	53.7	48.8	53.3	33.9	
Diabetes mellitus	18.8	20.3	17.7	21.4	14.4	
Volume depletion	15.5	17.6	16.7	17.3	9.6	
Diseases of the blood and blood-forming organs	13.8	18.6	12.7	15.0	9.0	
Mental disorders	72.6	116.2	77.4	73.3	29.1	
Psychoses	45.1	72.0	49.0	45.1	18.0	
Alcohol dependence syndrome	7.1	8.8	*	*	*	
Diseases of the nervous system and sense organs	20.5	27.9	19.9	20.1	15.4	
Diseases of the circulatory system	225.5	264.3	231.9	240.0	162.3	
Heart disease	154.9	188.5	164.5	156.2	113.8	
Acute myocardial infarction	28.0	31.9	28.8	26.9	25.5	
Coronary atherosclerosis	37.3	45.9	40.6	37.1	26.7	
Other ischemic heart disease	12.0	17.6	10.4	12.3	8.4	
Cardiac dysrhythmias	23.5	31.4	25.0	23.4	15.0	
Congestive heart failure	35.4	39.6	41.1	38.4	21.1	
Cerebrovascular disease	37.6	37.7	37.6	44.2	27.2	
Diseases of the respiratory system	128.5	129.7	130.6	147.4	95.4	
Acute bronchitis and bronchiolitis	10.0	7.7	9.3	12.7	8.6	
Pneumonia	48.2	41.7	49.1	57.3	38.5	
Chronic bronchitis	16.6	16.1	18.0	20.2	9.6	
Asthma	17.9	23.9	19.2	17.8	11.5	
Diseases of the digestive system	110.9	122.9	110.1	115.5	94.0	
Appendicitis	8.6	8.5	9.6	7.0	10.1	
Noninfectious enteritis and colitis	10.4	11.3	10.5	12.1	6.8	
Diverticula of intestine	8.6	10.6	8.5	8.6	7.0	
Cholelithiasis	14.5	20.3	13.6	13.1	12.9	
Diseases of the genitourinary system	62.6	62.3	64.2	70.5	48.9	
Calculus of kidney and ureter	6.1	7.0	7.1	7.0	3.0	
Complications of pregnancy, childbirth, and the puerperium ¹ 630–677	18.5	19.2	17.4	20.3	16.2	
Diseases of the skin and subcutaneous tissue	16.8	18.9	18.4	16.9	13.1	
Cellulitis and abscess	12.0	13.4	12.9	12.0	9.6	
Diseases of the musculoskeletal system and connective tissue	55.5 15.2	60.6	58.0	57.1	45.9	
Osteoarthrosis and allied disorders	15.2 11.5	16.9 10.2	17.8 12.6	14.3 13.1	12.3 8.9	
			12.0			
Congenital anomalies	5.7	10.3	*	3.8	6.4	
Certain conditions originating in the perinatal period	5.1	4.6	*	4.1	6.3	
Symptoms, signs, and ill-defined conditions	10.1	11.6	7.5	12.2	8.3	
Injury and poisoning	93.2	100.7	91.6	93.2	88.4	
Fractures, all sites ²	37.3	36.7	36.7	38.7	36.1	
Fracture of neck of femur ²	12.0	11.2	12.2	13.1	10.9	
Poisonings	7.3	7.7	7.9	6.4	7.7	
Supplementary classifications	159.7	144.3	163.3	159.2	169.9	
Females with deliveries	140.8	119.6	132.3	147.6	157.2	

^{*} Figure does not meet standard of reliablility or precision.

¹First-listed diagnosis for females with deliveries is coded V27, shown under "Supplementary classifications."

²Excludes fractures coded as 733.1, pathologic fracture.

Table 15. Average length of stay for discharges from short-stay hospitals by geographic region and first-listed diagnosis: United States, 1997

Category of first-listed diagnosis and ICD-9-CM code	United States	Northeast	Midwest	South	West
		lays			
All conditions	5.1	5.9	4.8	5.1	4.4
Infectious and parasitic diseases	6.6	8.3	5.7	6.1	6.3
Septicemia	8.1	10.2	7.0	7.9	7.4
Neoplasms	6.2	6.9	5.8	6.2	5.8
Malignant neoplasms	7.0	7.8	6.5	7.1	6.5
Malignant neoplasm of large intestine and rectum	9.3	10.1	8.6	9.4	9.3
Malignant neoplasm of trachea, bronchus, and lung 162,176.4,197.0,197.3	7.7	9.2	7.3	7.1	7.6
Malignant neoplasm of breast	3.0	3.3	2.7	3.4	2.2
Benign neoplasms	3.5	3.5	3.3	3.5	3.7
Endocrine, nutritional and metabolic diseases, and immunity disorders	5.1	6.5	4.4	5.0	4.3
Diabetes mellitus	5.8	7.6	4.9	5.6	5.2
Volume depletion	4.4	5.6	3.8	4.4	3.4
·					
Diseases of the blood and blood-forming organs	5.2	6.5	4.3	5.2	4.1
Mental disorders	8.0	9.3	7.1	7.7	6.5
Psychoses	9.1	10.5	8.0	9.0	7.6
Alcohol dependence syndrome	6.6	8.3	7.2	5.7	5.0
Diseases of the nervous system and sense organs	5.7	5.7	4.9	5.8	6.2
Diseases of the circulatory system	5.3	6.0	4.9	5.4	4.6
Heart disease	5.1	5.9	4.8	5.2	4.5
Acute myocardial infarction	6.0	7.2	5.5	6.2	5.2
Coronary atherosclerosis	4.5	4.9	4.3	4.4	4.8
Other ischemic heart disease	3.1	3.8	2.8	2.9	2.9
Cardiac dysrhythmias	4.2	4.6	3.6	4.6	3.4
Congestive heart failure	5.8	7.0	5.4	5.9	4.6
Cerebrovascular disease	5.8	7.0	5.1	5.8	5.1
Diseases of the respiratory system	5.6	6.4	5.0	5.8	5.2
Acute bronchitis and bronchiolitis	3.5	3.9	3.4	3.5	3.2
Pneumonia	6.4	7.8	5.4	6.7	5.6
Chronic bronchitis	5.4	6.0	5.5	5.3	4.9
Asthma	3.4	4.0	2.9	3.4	3.1
Diseases of the digestive system	4.9	5.5	4.5	4.9	4.5
Appendicitis	3.8	4.6	3.1	4.1	3.4
Noninfectious enteritis and colitis	4.3	5.2	4.6	3.9	3.7
Diverticula of intestine	5.6	6.2	5.0	6.0	5.0
Cholelithiasis	4.0	4.3	3.9	4.1	3.6
Diseases of the genitourinary system	4.0	4.3	3.6	4.1	3.7
Calculus of kidney and ureter	2.2	2.4	2.1	2.2	2.2
Complications of pregnancy, childbirth, and the puerperium ¹ 630–677	2.5	2.7	2.1	2.6	2.3
Diseases of the skin and subcutaneous tissue	5.8	6.2	5.3	5.9	5.9
Cellulitis and abscess	5.3	5.8	5.0	5.2	5.6
Diseases of the musculoskeletal system and connective tissue	4.5	4.6	4.1	4.6	4.9
Osteoarthrosis and allied disorders	5.2	4.9	4.3	5.1	*
Intervertebral disc disorders	2.8	2.5	2.8	2.9	2.7
Congenital anomalies	5.7	6.2	5.9	5.3	5.0
3					
Certain conditions originating in the perinatal period	9.7	7.9	11.4	12.1	6.7
Symptoms, signs, and ill-defined conditions	2.7	3.3	2.0	3.1	1.8
Injury and poisoning	5.2	5.5	5.0	5.6	4.8
Fractures, all sites ²	5.7	5.8	5.4	6.1	5.4
Fracture of neck of femur ²	7.3	8.0	6.5	8.0	6.5
Poisonings	2.8	3.5	2.6	2.8	2.4
Supplementary classifications	3.1	3.5	3.9	2.7	2.6
Females with deliveries	2.4	2.8	2.4	2.4	2.2

^{*} Figure does not meet standard of reliablility or precision.

¹First-listed diagnosis for females with deliveries is coded V27, shown under "Supplementary classifications."

 $^{^2\}mbox{Excludes}$ fractures coded as 733.1, pathologic fracture.

Table 16. Number of all-listed diagnoses for discharges from short-stay hospitals by age and diagnosis: United States, 1997

All-listed diagnosis and ICD-9-CM code	All ages	Under 15 years	15–44 years	45–64 years	65 years and over
		nds			
All conditions	126,073	6,084	32,328	26,573	61,088
nfectious and parasitic diseases	3,460	467	927	633	1,434
Septicemia	679	46	91	130	411
eoplasms	4,333	121	607	1,358	2,247
Malignant neoplasms	3,382	104	299	1,017	1,961
Malignant neoplasm of large intestine and rectum	230	*	9	63	158
Malignant neoplasm of trachea, bronchus, and lung 162,176.4,197.0,197.3	486	*	25	155	301
Malignant neoplasm of breast	183	*	24	67	92
Benign neoplasms	819	12	294	313	201
ndocrine, nutritional and metabolic diseases, and immunity disorders 240–279	12,777	506	1,672	3,453	7,146
Diabetes mellitus	4,211	26	438	1,333	2,414
Volume depletion	1,991	304	293	296	1,097
·	4,053	189	919	831	2,114
iseases of the blood and blood-forming organs					
lental disorders	7,959	259	3,547	1,914	2,239
Psychoses	2,748	61	958	506	1,222
Alcohol dependence syndrome	742	*	381	265	92
iseases of the nervous system and sense organs	3,543	459	517	677	1,891
iseases of the circulatory system	27,463	122	1,507	6,427	19,406
Heart disease	17,109	75	746	3,795	12,492
Acute myocardial infarction	871	*	49	286	534
Coronary atherosclerosis	3,786	*	105	1,011	2,666
Other ischemic heart disease	2,475	*	105	765	1,602
Cardiac dysrhythmias	3,538	25	145	580	2,788
Congestive heart failure	3,036	12	80	486	2,458
Cerebrovascular disease	1,926	12	65	350	1,498
iseases of the respiratory system	9,962	1,237	1,214	1,934	5,577
Acute bronchitis and bronchiolitis	424	232	46	45	102
Pneumonia	2,039	278	217	310	1,234
Chronic bronchitis	912	*	42	229	638
Asthma	1,242	333	342	265	302
iseases of the digestive system	8,177	441	1,672	2,079	3,985
Appendicitis	259	66	139	35	19
Noninfectious enteritis and colitis	591	124	156	105	206
Diverticula of intestine	501	*	29	114	358
Cholelithiasis	647	*	187	172	284
		450			
iseases of the genitourinary system	6,935	158	1,944	1,575	3,258
Calculus of kidney and ureter	242		104	76	61
complications of pregnancy, childbirth, and the puerperium ¹ 630–677	8,247	25	8,209	*13	• • •
iseases of the skin and subcutaneous tissue	1,579	111	301	384	784
Cellulitis and abscess	673	38	161	179	295
iseases of the musculoskeletal system and connective tissue 710–739	4,568	67	728	1,147	2,626
Osteoarthrosis and allied disorders	1,156	*	28	230	897
Intervertebral disc disorders	438	*	167	168	101
ongenital anomalies	561	328	111	69	52
ertain conditions originating in the perinatal period	368	361	*	*	*
ymptoms, signs, and ill-defined conditions	6,296	547	1 205	1 515	2,838
			1,395	1,515	
njury and poisoning	5,891	422	1,993	1,190	2,286
Fractures, all sites ²	1,543	97	470	231	745
Fracture of neck of femur ²	363	*	9	21	328
Poisonings	369	29	218	61	61
Supplementary classifications	9,901	264	5,059	1,374	3,203
Females with deliveries	3,808	12	3,791	*4	

^{*} Figure does not meet standard of reliablility or precision.

^{...} Category not applicable.

¹First-listed diagnosis for females with deliveries is coded V27, shown under "Supplementary classifications."

²Excludes fractures coded as 733.1, pathologic fracture.

Table 17. Number of all-listed diagnoses for discharges from short-stay hospitals by sex and diagnosis: United States, 1997

All-listed diagnosis and ICD-9-CM code	Both sexes	Male	Female	
	Nu	mber in thousands	ds	
All conditions	126,073	51,032	75,041	
Infectious and parasitic diseases	3,460	1,485	1,976	
Septicemia	679	325	355	
Neoplasms	4,333	1,803	2,530	
Malignant neoplasms	3,382	1,613	1,769	
Malignant neoplasm of large intestine and rectum	230	111	119	
Malignant neoplasm of trachea, bronchus, and lung 162,176.4,197.0,197.3	486	260	226	
Malignant neoplasm of breast	183	*	181	
Benign neoplasms	819	130	690	
Endocrine, nutritional and metabolic diseases, and immunity disorders	12,777	5,233	7,544	
Diabetes mellitus	4,211	1,875	2,336	
Volume depletion	1,991	842	1,148	
Diseases of the blood and blood-forming organs	4,053	1,588	2,465	
Mental disorders	7,959	3,904	4,054	
Psychoses	2,748	1,206	1,542	
Alcohol dependence syndrome	742	533	209	
Diseases of the nervous system and sense organs	3,543	1,633	1,909	
Diseases of the circulatory system	27,463	13,192	14,271	
Heart disease	17,109	8,614	8,494	
Acute myocardial infarction	871	520	351	
Coronary atherosclerosis	3,786	2,129	1,657	
Other ischemic heart disease	2,475	1,388	1,087	
Cardiac dysrhythmias	3,538	1,712	1,826	
Congestive heart failure	3,036	1,320	1,715	
Cerebrovascular disease	1,926	887	1,039	
Diseases of the respiratory system	9,962	4,778	5,183	
Acute bronchitis and bronchiolitis	424	211	213	
Pneumonia	2,039	1,016	1,023	
Chronic bronchitis	912	405	508	
Asthma	1,242	462	780	
Diseases of the digestive system	8,177	3,510	4,667	
Appendicitis	259	148	111	
Noninfectious enteritis and colitis	591	233	358	
Diverticula of intestine	501	198	303	
Cholelithiasis	647	202	445	
Diseases of the genitourinary system	6,935	2,346	4,589	
Calculus of kidney and ureter	242	134	108	
Complications of pregnancy, childbirth, and the puerperium ¹	8,247		8,247	
Diseases of the skin and subcutaneous tissue	1,579	759	820	
Cellulitis and abscess	673	344	329	
Diseases of the musculoskeletal system and connective tissue	4,568	1,674	2,894	
Osteoarthrosis and allied disorders	1,156	381	775	
Intervertebral disc disorders	438	226	212	
Congenital anomalies	561	281	279	
· ·				
Certain conditions originating in the perinatal period	368	217	151	
Symptoms, signs, and ill-defined conditions	6,296	2,845	3,451	
Injury and poisoning	5,891	3,001	2,890	
Fractures, all sites ²	1,543	715	828	
Fracture of neck of femur ²	363	99	264	
Poisonings	369	146	223	
Supplementary classifications	9,901	2,781	7,120	

^{*} Figure does not meet standard of reliability or precision.

^{...} Category not applicable.

¹First-listed diagnosis for females with deliveries is coded V27, shown under "Supplementary classifications."

²Excludes fractures coded as 733.1, pathologic fracture.

Table 18. Number of all-listed diagnoses for discharges from short-stay hospitals by geographic region and diagnosis: United States, 1997 [Discharges of inpatients from non-Federal hospitals. Excludes newborn infants. Diagnostic groupings and code numbers are based on the *International Classification of Diseases, 9th Revision, Clinical Modification* (ICD-9-CM)]

All-listed diagnosis and ICD-9-CM code	United States	Northeast	Midwest	South	West
		Num	ber in thousands	<u> </u>	
All conditions	126,073	27,300	31,448	44,836	22,488
Infectious and parasitic diseases	3,460 679	764 154	809 155	1,286 256	601 114
Septicemia					
Neoplasms	4,333	1,077	1,036	1,465	755 500
Malignant neoplasms	3,382 230	859 55	820 64	1,113 70	590 40
Malignant neoplasm of large intestine and rectum	486	104	117	193	72
Malignant neoplasm of breast	183	47	38	68	29
Benign neoplasms	819	180	181	314	144
Endocrine, nutritional and metabolic diseases, and immunity disorders	12,777	2,758	3,262	4,603	2,154
Diabetes mellitus	4,211	948	1,014	1,577	673
Volume depletion	1,991	394	503	765	329
Diseases of the blood and blood-forming organs	4,053	869	947	1,433	805
Mental disorders	7,959	2,047	2,049	2,724	1,138
Psychoses	2,748 742	715 202	687 204	979 233	366 103
Alcohol dependence syndrome					
Diseases of the nervous system and sense organs	3,543	823	904	1,188	627
Diseases of the circulatory system	27,463	6,331	6,980	9,824	4,328
Heart disease	17,109	4,061	4,427	5,911	2,710
Acute myocardial infarction	871	195	211	290	175
Coronary atherosclerosis	3,786	924	999	1,281	582
Other ischemic heart disease	2,475 3,538	654 832	616 898	837 1,224	368 584
Cardiac dysrhythmias	3,036	642	860	1,224	423
Cerebrovascular disease	1,926	375	466	781	304
	9,962				
Diseases of the respiratory system	9,962 424	2,068 66	2,425 95	3,789 182	1,680 81
Pneumonia	2,039	374	476	816	373
Chronic bronchitis	912	165	214	385	149
Asthma	1,242	332	319	382	209
Diseases of the digestive system	8,177	1,793	2,014	2,921	1,449
Appendicitis	259	49	68	74	68
Noninfectious enteritis and colitis	591	129	145	227	90
Diverticula of intestine	501	120	124	177	80
Cholelithiasis	647	161	146	212	128
Diseases of the genitourinary system	6,935	1,402	1,727	2,650	1,156
Calculus of kidney and ureter	242	54	61	97	30
Complications of pregnancy, childbirth, and the puerperium ¹ 630–677	8,247	1,392	1,861	2,908	2,087
Diseases of the skin and subcutaneous tissue	1,579	385	394	548	253
Cellulitis and abscess	673	155	169	231	119
Diseases of the musculoskeletal system and connective tissue	4,568 1,156	951 232	1,265 381	1,560 368	792 175
Intervertebral disc disorders	438	78	116	171	72
Congenital anomalies	561	168	128	138	126
Certain conditions originating in the perinatal period	368	67	*	109	85
Symptoms, signs, and ill-defined conditions	6,296	1,300	1,633	2,288	1,076
Injury and poisoning	5,891	1,199	1,422	2,020	1,249
Fractures, all sites ²	1,543	288	360	563	333
Fracture of neck of femur ²	363	68	87	135	73
Poisonings	369	73	91	115	90
Supplementary classifications	9,901	1,907	2,486	3,381	2,127
Females with deliveries	3,808	621	830	1,407	949

^{*} Figure does not meet standard of reliablility or precision.

¹First-listed diagnosis for females with deliveries is coded V27, shown under "Supplementary classifications."

²Excludes fractures coded as 733.1, pathologic fracture.

Table 19. Number and rate of discharges from short-stay hospitals with human immunodeficiency virus diagnoses by selected characteristics: United States, 1990–97

[Discharges of inpatients from non-Federal hospitals. Excludes newborn infants. Data are for discharges with at least one of the following *International Classification of Diseases, 9th Revision, Clinical Modification* (ICD-9-CM) codes: 042-044, 279.19, 795.8 (prior to 1995); 042, V08 (beginning in 1995)]

Characteristic	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997
				Number in	thousands			
All HIV ¹ discharges	146	165	194	225	234	249	227	178
Sex								
Male	114	127	153	174	177	183	165	123
Female	32	37	41	51	57	66	62	55
Age								
Jnder 25 years	14	16	16	14	18	17	12	11
5–29 years	20	25	26	37	20	26	18	17
0–34 years	38	38	42	46	50	48	44	32
35–39 years	36	36	53	51	56	59	52	40
10–44 years	17	25	30	40	44	49	49	38
15 years and over	21	25	27	37	45	51	53	40
Region								
Northeast	66	61	75	94	91	95	86	69
Midwest	20	26	23	28	33	27	25	
South	37	44	56	64	78	87	77	72
Vest	24	33	40	39	32	41	39	19
			R	ate per 100,0	000 populatio	n ²		
All HIV ¹ discharges	58.1	64.6	75.2	86.4	88.9	93.9	84.7	65.8
Sex								
Male	93.4	102.5	121.7	136.8	137.7	141.6	125.7	93.1
Female	24.7	28.7	31.0	38.4	42.3	48.4	45.4	39.7
Age								
Jnder 25 years	14.8	16.5	17.4	15.0	19.2	17.6	12.6	11.3
25–29 years	95.1	118.3	129.1	185.5	103.9	132.2	91.3	86.7
30–34 years	172.8	170.7	186.3	204.7	223.3	216.2	203.6	153.6
5–39 years	179.0	176.3	249.7	235.0	254.0	262.7	227.8	176.5
10–44 years	94.8	130.9	156.3	207.2	222.9	241.4	233.1	175.2
5 years and over	27.4	32.1	33.2	44.8	53.9	60.2	60.6	45.
Region								
Northeast	128.8	119.7	146.5	182.7	176.4	183.3	164.9	132.3
Midwest	33.6	43.4	37.1	44.8	52.8	43.5	40.5	1
South	42.1	49.5	62.3	70.5	85.2	93.1	82.0	75.
West	44.1	60.8	71.6	68.9	54.8	69.5	65.2	30.9

^{*} Figure does not meet standard of reliablility or precision.

¹HIV is human immunodeficiency virus.

²Rates are based on the U.S. Bureau of the Census estimates of the civilian population that have been adjusted for net undernumeration in the 1990 Census. See appendix.

Table 20. Number of deaths and fatality rate for discharges from short-stay hospitals by age and selected first-listed diagnoses: United States, 1997

First-listed diagnosis and ICD-9-CM code	All ages	Under 65 years	65 years and over	All ages	Under 65 years	65 years and over
	Discharges in thousands			Rate per 100 discharges		
All conditions ¹	783	187	596	2.5	1.0	4.9
Heart disease	167	28	139	4.0	1.9	5.1
Acute myocardial infarction	70	11	58	9.2	3.7	12.9
Coronary atherosclerosis	12	*	10	1.2	*	1.7
Cardiac dysrhythmias	18	*4	13	2.8	*2.3	3.1
Congestive heart failure	45	*3	42	4.7	*1.6	5.6
Malignant neoplasms	100	33	66	7.5	5.8	8.8
Malignant neoplasm of trachea, bronchus, and lung 162,176.4,197.0,197.3	24	7	17	12.5	9.7	14.1
Pneumonia	77	11	67	5.9	2.1	8.5
Cerebrovascular disease	64	15	48	6.3	6.3	6.2
Septicemia	46	10	35	13.0	8.6	15.2
Fractures, all sites ²	17	*4	13	1.7	*0.7	2.6
Volume depletion	12	*	9	2.8	*	4.2
Chronic bronchitis	11	*	8	2.4	*	2.7

^{*}Figure does not meet standard of reliability or precision.

Table 21. Number of discharges from short-stay hospitals with and without procedures and percent with procedures by selected characteristics: United States, 1997

[Discharges of inpatients from non-Federal hospitals. Excludes newborn infants]

Characteristic				Discharges with procedures				
	All discharges	Discharges without procedures	Total	With surgical procedures	Total	With surgical procedures		
	Number in thousands					Percent		
All patients	30,914	11,652	19,263	13,974	62.3	45.2		
Age								
Under 15 years	2,312	1,306	1,005	529	43.5	22.9		
15–44 years	10,030	2,747	7,283	5,730	72.6	57.1		
45–64 years	6,377	2,248	4,129	3,027	64.7	47.5		
65 years and over	12,196	5,350	6,846	4,688	56.1	38.4		
65–74 years	4,872	1,805	3,067	2,223	62.9	45.6		
75–84 years	4,965	2,262	2,703	1,817	54.4	36.6		
85 years and over	2,359	1,283	1,076	648	45.6	27.5		
Sex								
Male	12,268	5,002	7,266	4,978	59.2	40.6		
Female	18,647	6,650	11,997	8,996	64.3	48.2		
Region								
Northeast	6,679	2,213	4,466	2,986	66.9	44.7		
Midwest	7,234	3,022	4,212	3,168	58.2	43.8		
South	11,445	4,853	6,592	5,004	57.6	43.7		
West	5,556	1,563	3,993	2,816	71.9	50.7		

NOTE: See appendix for definition of surgical procedures.

¹Includes data for deaths not shown in table.

²Excludes fractures coded as 733.1, pathologic fracture.

Table 22. Number and rate of all-listed surgical and nonsurgical procedures for discharges from short-stay hospitals by selected procedure categories: United States, 1997

Procedure category and ICD-9-CM code	Number in thousands	Rate per 10,000 population
irgical procedures ¹	22,927	847.8
pisiotomy with or without forceps or vacuum extraction	1,183	43.7
ardiac catheterization	1,112	41.1
epair of current obstetric laceration	1,082	40.0
esarean section	820	30.3
tificial rupture of membranes	772	28.6
emoval of coronary artery obstruction and insertion of stent(s) ²	686	25.4
eduction of fracture	642	23.7
Open reduction of fracture with internal fixation	428	15.8
ronary artery bypass graft ²	607	22.5
sterectomy	603	22.3
doscopy of small intestine with biopsy	492	18.2
phorectomy and salpingo-oophorectomy	481	17.8
olecystectomy	442	16.4
ateral destruction or occlusion of fallopian tubes	325	12.0
ertion, replacement, removal, and revision of pacemaker leads or device	317	11.7
bridement of wound, infection, or burn	312	11.5
sis of peritoneal adhesions	310	11.4
cision or destruction of intervertebral disc	293	10.8
pendectomy, excluding incidental	263	9.7
al knee replacement	259	9.6
ostatectomy 60.2–60.6	223	8.3
rtial excision of large intestine	220	8.1
rtial excision of bone	213	7.9
nsurgical procedures ³	17,582	650.2
eriography and angiocardiography using contrast material	1,900	70.2
gnostic ultrasound	1,111	41.1
spiratory therapy	1,088	40.2
mputerized axial tomography	963	35.6
modialysis	406	15.0
doscopy of small intestine without biopsy	390	14.4
ertion of endotracheal tube	374	13.8
doscopy of large intestine without biopsy	319	11.8
inal tap	311	11.5
ection or infusion of cancer chemotherapeutic substance	276	10.2

¹Includes data for surgical procedures not shown in table. All procedures except those listed under "nonsurgical procedures" in the appendix are surgical procedures.

²See table 24 for comparison of number of procedures with number of discharges with procedures.

³Includes data for nonsurgical procedures not shown in table. The ICD-9-CM codes for nonsurgical procedures are listed in the appendix.

Table 23. Number and rate of all-listed surgical and nonsurgical procedures for patients 65 years of age and over discharged from short-stay hospitals, by age and selected procedure categories: United States, 1997

[Discharges of inpatients from non-Federal hospitals. Procedure groupings and code numbers are based on the *International Classification of Diseases, 9th Revision, Clinical Modification* (ICD-9-CM)]

Procedure category and ICD-9-CM code	65 years and over	65–74 years	75–84 years	85 years and over	
		Number in thousands			
Surgical procedures ¹	7,742	3,856	2,928	959	
Cardiac catheterization 37.21–37.23	563	342	198	24	
Removal of coronary artery obstruction and insertion of $stent(s)^2 \dots 36.0$	340	211	116	13	
Coronary artery bypass graft ²	339	228	103	*8	
Endoscopy of small intestine with biopsy	281	107	123	51	
Reduction of fracture	263	73	104	86	
Open reduction of fracture with internal fixation	198	51	78	69	
Insertion, replacement, removal, and revision of pacemaker leads or device 37.7–37.8	258	81	116	60	
Total knee replacement	177	106	62	9	
Cholecystectomy	164	85	62	17	
Prostatectomy	161	86	58	17	
Debridement of wound, infection, or burn	120	52	45	24	
Nonsurgical procedures ³	7,273	3,094	2,993	1,185	
Arteriography and angiocardiography using contrast material	972	560	358	54	
Diagnostic ultrasound	589	230	252	108	
Computerized axial tomography	506	186	219	101	
Respiratory therapy	522	210	220	91	
Endoscopy of small intestine without biopsy	244	88	101	55	
Endoscopy of large intestine without biopsy	217	77	95	46	
Insertion of endotracheal tube	206	85	87	34	
Hemodialysis	199	107	80	12	
		Rate per 10,0	000 population		
Surgical procedures ¹	2,292.3	2,104.3	2,522.4	2,494.1	
Cardiac catheterization	166.7	186.4	170.5	61.5	
Removal of coronary artery obstruction and insertion of stent(s) ²	100.6	115.1	100.2	33.0	
Coronary artery bypass graft ²	100.4	124.5	88.5	*21.5	
Endoscopy of small intestine with biopsy	83.2	58.5	105.6	133.1	
Reduction of fracture	77.9	40.0	89.2	224.3	
Open reduction of fracture with internal fixation	58.6	28.0	67.2	178.8	
Insertion, replacement, removal, and revision of pacemaker leads or device	76.4	44.4	100.1	156.9	
Total knee replacement	52.4	57.7	53.8	22.5	
Cholecystectomy	48.7	46.3	53.8	44.5	
Prostatectomy 60.2–60.6	47.5	46.7	50.2	43.3	
Debridement of wound, infection, or burn	35.6	28.2	38.5	61.9	
Nonsurgical procedures ³	2,153.2	1,688.5	2,579.1	3,082.5	
Arteriography and angiocardiography using contrast material	287.9	305.7	308.1	141.7	
Diagnostic ultrasound	174.4	125.3	216.8	280.4	
Computerized axial tomography	149.8	101.3	189.0	263.0	
Respiratory therapy	154.4	114.7	189.4	237.8	
Endoscopy of small intestine without biopsy	72.1	48.1	86.7	142.7	
Endoscopy of small intestine without biopsy	64.3	41.8	81.8	118.5	
Insertion of endotracheal tube	60.9	46.6	74.6	87.6	
Hemodialysis	58.9	58.4	69.1	30.7	
1161110utaty313	50.9	30.4	09.1	30.1	

^{*} Figure does not meet standard of reliablility or precision.

¹Includes data for surgical procedures not shown in table. All procedures except those listed under "nonsurgical procedures" in the appendix are surgical procedures.

 $^{^2\}mbox{See}$ table 24 for a comparison of number of procedures with number of discharges with procedures.

³Includes data for nonsurgical procedures not shown in table. The ICD-9-CM codes for nonsurgical procedures are listed in the appendix.

Table 24. Number and rate of discharges from short-stay hospitals with a coronary artery procedure and number and rate of procedures by sex, age, and region: United States, 1997

		rry artery obstruction n of stent(s)1	Coronary artery bypass graft ²			
Sex, age, and region	Number in thousands	Rate per 10,000 population	Number in thousands	Rate per 10,000 population		
	Discharges with procedures					
Total	452	16.7	366	13.5		
Sex						
Male	299	22.6	250	18.9		
Female	153	11.0	116	8.4		
Tomaio	100	11.0	110	0.4		
Age						
Under 15 years	*	*	*	*		
15–44 years	26	2.1	14	1.2		
45–64 years	197	35.6	142	25.6		
65 years and over	229	67.7	210	62.0		
65–74 years	140	76.6	137	74.7		
75–84 years	79	68.2	66	56.9		
85 years and over	9	23.3	*7	*17.2		
oo years and over	3	20.0	,	17.2		
Region						
Northeast	85	16.4	87	16.8		
Midwest	115	18.4	92	14.6		
South	152	15.9	117	12.3		
West	100	16.5	69	11.5		
wood	100	10.0	00	11.5		
		Procedures				
Total	686	25.4	607	22.5		
Sex						
Male	459	34.7	420	31.8		
Female	227	16.5	187	13.5		
Age						
Under 15 years	*	*	*	*		
•	41	3.4	25	2.0		
15–44 years	305	55.1	243	43.9		
45–64 years						
65 years and over	340	100.6	339 228	100.4		
65–74 years	211	115.1		124.5		
75–84 years	116	100.2	103	88.5		
85 years and over	13	33.0	*8	*21.5		
Region						
Northeast	138	26.5	154	29.7		
Midwest	172	27.4	152	24.2		
South	238	25.0	190	19.9		
West	139	23.0	111	18.4		
***************************************	100	20.0	111	10.4		

^{*} Figure does not meet standard of reliability or precision.

¹ICD-9-CM code 36.0.

²ICD-9-CM code 36.1.

Table 25. Number of all-listed procedures for discharges from short-stay hospitals by age and procedure category: United States, 1997

[Discharges of invatigate from pop-Federal hospitals Excludes newborn infants. Procedure groupings and code numbers are based on the International Classification of

Procedure category and ICD-9-CM code	All ages	Under 15 years	15–44 years	45–64 years	65 years and over
All procedures	40,509	1,888	14,383	9,223	15,015
Operations on the nervous system	1,043	207	349	213	273
Spinal tap	311	136	77	40	59
Operations on the endocrine system	104	*2	26	49	27
Operations on the eye	135	13	30	31	61
Operations on the ear	47	20	14	*	*6
Operations on the nose, mouth, and pharynx	311	63	110	72	67
	1,016	57	175	272	511
Operations on the respiratory system	284	19	41	75	149
			509		
Operations on the cardiovascular system	5,382 686	144	41	1,822 305	2,907 340
Coronary artery bypass graft ¹	607	*	25	243	339
Cardiac catheterization	1,112	13	84	452	563
Insertion, replacement, removal, and revision of pacemaker leads or	.,				
device	317	*	*10	45	258
Hemodialysis	406	*	68	137	199
Operations on the hemic and lymphatic system	342	22	62	114	145
Operations on the digestive system	5,052	208	1,178	1,301	2,365
Endoscopy of small intestine with or without biopsy	882	15	134	209	524
Endoscopy of large intestine with or without biopsy	494	6	65	104	318
Partial excision of large intestine	220	*	24	60	134
Appendectomy, excluding incidental	263	66	145	35	17
Cholecystectomy	442	*	143	131	164
Lysis of peritoneal adhesions	310	4	133	83	90
Operations on the urinary system	990	39	247	270	433
Cystoscopy with or without biopsy	192	*	36	48	101
Operations on the male genital organs	317	22	18	81	195
Prostatectomy	223	*	*	62	161
Operations on the female genital organs	2,068	7	1,211	587	262
Oophorectomy and salpingo-oophorectomy	481	*	201	216	63
Bilateral destruction or occlusion of fallopian tubes	325	*	324	*	*
Hysterectomy	603	*	303	231	68
Obstetrical procedures	6,682	21	6,653	*8	
Episiotomy with or without forceps or vacuum extraction			=0		
72.31,72.71,73.6	1,183	*	1,176	*	
Artificial rupture of membranes	772 820	*	769 815	*	• • •
Repair of current obstetric laceration	1,082	*	1,079	*	• • •
•	3,172	156	935	873	1 200
Operations on the musculoskeletal system	213	156			1,209 42
Partial excision of bone	642	10 47	81 225	80 106	263
Open reduction of fracture with internal fixation	428	14	141	76	198
Excision or destruction of intervertebral disc	293	*	125	124	43
Total hip replacement	144	*	8	37	98
Total knee replacement	259	*	*	77	177
Operations on the integumentary system	1,220	75	378	347	419
Debridement of wound, infection, or burn	312	18	88	85	120
Miscellaneous diagnostic and therapeutic procedures 87–99	12,628	830	2,488	3,177	6,133
Computerized axial tomography 87.03,87.41,87.71,88.01,88.38	963	41	201	214	506
Arteriography and angiocardiography using contrast material 88.4–88.5	1,900	18	172	738	972
Diagnostic ultrasound	1,111	43	230	249	589
Respiratory therapy	1,088	208	154	204	522
Insertion of endotracheal tube	374	36	59	74	206
Injection or infusion of cancer chemotherapeutic substance	276	41	44	97	95

^{*} Figure does not meet standard of reliability or precision.

^{...} Category not applicable.

¹See table 24 for comparison of number of procedures with number of discharges with procedures.

Table 26. Rate of all-listed procedures for discharges from short-stay hospitals by age and procedure category: United States, 1997

Procedure category and ICD-9-CM code	All ages	Under 15 years	15–44 years	45–64 years	65 years and over
		ulation			
All procedures	1,498.0	316.0	1,182.4	1,668.9	4,445.5
Operations on the nervous system 01–05 Spinal tap 03.31	38.6 11.5	34.7 22.8	28.7 6.3	38.6 7.2	81.0 17.3
Operations on the endocrine system	3.9	*0.4	2.1	8.8	8.1
Operations on the eye	5.0	2.2	2.5	5.6	18.1
Operations on the ear	1.7	3.4	1.1	*	*1.8
Operations on the nose, mouth, and pharynx	11.5	10.6	9.0	12.9	19.7
Operations on the respiratory system	37.6	9.6	14.4	49.3	151.3
Bronchoscopy with or without biopsy	10.5	3.2	3.3	13.6	44.2
Operations on the cardiovascular system	199.0	24.1	41.8	329.7	860.8
Removal of coronary artery obstruction and insertion of stent(s) ¹	25.4	*	3.4	55.1	100.6
Coronary artery bypass graft ¹	22.5		2.0	43.9	100.4
Cardiac catheterization	41.1	2.2	6.9	81.8	166.7
Insertion, replacement, removal, and revision of pacemaker leads or device	11.7	*	*0.8	8.2	76.4
Hemodialysis	15.0	*	5.6	24.7	58.9
Operations on the hemic and lymphatic system	12.7	3.7	5.1	20.6	42.8
Operations on the digestive system	186.8	34.9	96.9	235.4	700.2
Endoscopy of small intestine with or without biopsy	32.6	2.4	11.0	37.8	155.3
Endoscopy of large intestine with or without biopsy	18.3	1.0	5.4	18.9	94.2
Partial excision of large intestine	8.1	*	1.9	10.9	39.6
Appendectomy, excluding incidental	9.7	11.1	11.9	6.3	5.0
Cholecystectomy	16.4	*	11.7	23.7	48.7
Lysis of peritoneal adhesions	11.4	0.6	10.9	15.0	26.7
Operations on the urinary system	36.6	6.6	20.3	48.8	128.3
Cystoscopy with or without biopsy	7.1	*	2.9	8.7	30.0
Operations on the male genital organs	11.7	3.6	1.5	14.7	57.9
Prostatectomy	8.3	*	*	11.3	47.5
Operations on the female genital organs	76.5	1.2	99.6	106.3	77.6
Oophorectomy and salpingo-oophorectomy	17.8	*	16.6	39.1	18.5
Bilateral destruction or occlusion of fallopian tubes	12.0	*	26.6	*	*
Hysterectomy	22.3	*	24.9	41.9	20.2
Obstetrical procedures	247.1	3.5	547.0	*1.4	
Episiotomy with or without forceps or vacuum extraction 72.1,72.21,72.31,72.71,73.6	43.7	*	96.7	*	
Artificial rupture of membranes	28.6 30.3	*	63.2 67.0	*	
Repair of current obstetric laceration	40.0	*	88.7	*	
Operations on the musculoskeletal system	117.3	26.0	76.9	157.9	358.0
Partial excision of bone	7.9	1.7	6.6	14.5	12.4
Reduction of fracture	23.7	7.9	18.5	19.2	77.9
Open reduction of fracture with internal fixation	15.8	2.3	11.6	13.7	58.6
Excision or destruction of intervertebral disc	10.8	*	10.3	22.5	12.6
Total hip replacement	5.3	*	0.7	6.7	29.1
Total knee replacement	9.6	*	*	13.9	52.4
Operations on the integumentary system	45.1	12.6	31.1	62.8	124.1
Debridement of wound, infection, or burn	11.5	3.0	7.3	15.5	35.6
Miscellaneous diagnostic and therapeutic procedures 87–99	467.0	138.9	204.5	574.9	1,816.0
Computerized axial tomography 87.03,87.41,87.71,88.01,88.38	35.6	6.9	16.5	38.7	149.8
Arteriography and angiocardiography using contrast material 88.4–88.5	70.2	3.0	14.1	133.4	287.9
Diagnostic ultrasound	41.1	7.1	18.9	45.1	174.4
Respiratory therapy	40.2	34.9	12.7	36.9	154.4
Insertion of endotracheal tube	13.8	6.0	4.8	13.4	60.9
Injection or infusion of cancer chemotherapeutic substance	10.2	6.9	3.6	17.5	28.1

^{*} Figure does not meet standard of reliability or precision.

^{. .} Category not applicable.

¹See table 24 for comparison of number of procedures with number of discharges with procedures.

Table 27. Number of all-listed procedures for discharges from short-stay hospitals by sex and procedure category: United States, 1997 [Discharges of inpatients from non-Federal hospitals. Excludes newborn infants. Procedure groupings and code numbers are based on the *International Classification of Diseases, 9th Revision, Clinical Modification* (ICD–9–CM)]

Procedure category and ICD-9-CM code	Both sexes	Male	Female
	Nu		
All procedures	40,509	15,817	24,692
Operations on the nervous system	1,043	488	554
Spinal tap	311	163	148
Operations on the endocrine system	104	26	78
Operations on the eye	135	70	65
Operations on the ear	47	31	17
Deprations on the nose, mouth, and pharynx	311	168	143
Operations on the respiratory system	1,016	554	462
Bronchoscopy with or without biopsy	284	154	130
Operations on the cardiovascular system	5,382	3,116	2,266
Removal of coronary artery obstruction and insertion of stent(s) ¹	686	459	227
Coronary artery bypass graft ¹	607	420	187
Cardiac catheterization	1,112	664	448
Insertion, replacement, removal, and revision of pacemaker leads or device 37.7–37.8	317	163	154
Hemodialysis	406	195	211
Operations on the hemic and lymphatic system	342	173	170
Operations on the digestive system	5,052	2,126	2,926
Endoscopy of small intestine with or without biopsy	882	403	479
Endoscopy of large intestine with or without biopsy	494	196	298
Partial excision of large intestine	220	104	116
Appendectomy, excluding incidental	263	143	119
Cholecystectomy	442	135	307
Lysis of peritoneal adhesions	310	55	254
Operations on the urinary system	990	494	496
Cystoscopy with or without biopsy	192	119	73
Operations on the male genital organs	317	317	
Prostatectomy	223	223	
Operations on the female genital organs	2,068		2,068
Oophorectomy and salpingo-oophorectomy	481		481
Bilateral destruction or occlusion of fallopian tubes	325		325
Hysterectomy	603		603
Obstetrical procedures	6,682	• • •	6,682
Episiotomy with or without forceps or vacuum extraction	1,183		1,183
Artificial rupture of membranes 73.0 Cesarean section 74.0–74.2,74.4,74.99	772 820	• • •	772 820
Repair of current obstetric laceration	1,082		1,082
Operations on the musculoskeletal system	3,172	1,528	1,644
Partial excision of bone	213	1,328	103
Reduction of fracture	642	298	344
Open reduction of fracture with internal fixation	428	187	241
Excision or destruction of intervertebral disc	293	164	129
Total hip replacement	144	57	87
Total knee replacement	259	90	169
Operations on the integumentary system	1,220	570	649
Debridement of wound, infection, or burn	312	188	124
Miscellaneous diagnostic and therapeutic procedures	12,628	6,156	6,472
Computerized axial tomography	963	473	489
Arteriography and angiocardiography using contrast material	1,900	1,077	823
Diagnostic ultrasound	1,111	483	628
Respiratory therapy	1,088	561	527
Insertion of endotracheal tube	374	195	179
Injection or infusion of cancer chemotherapeutic substance	276	129	147

^{...} Category not applicable

¹See table 24 for comparison of number of procedures with number of discharges with procedures.

Table 28. Rate of all-listed procedures for discharges from short-stay hospitals by sex and procedure category: United States, 1997

Procedure category and ICD-9-CM code	Both sexes	Male	Female	
	Rate per 10,000 population			
All procedures	1,498.0	1,195.3	1,788.0	
Operations on the nervous system	38.6	36.9	40.1	
Spinal tap	11.5	12.3	10.7	
Operations on the endocrine system	3.9	2.0	5.6	
Operations on the eye	5.0	5.3	4.7	
Operations on the ear	1.7	2.3	1.2	
Deprations on the nose, mouth, and pharynx	11.5	12.7	10.3	
Operations on the respiratory system	37.6	41.8	33.5	
Bronchoscopy with or without biopsy	10.5	11.6	9.4	
Operations on the cardiovascular system	199.0	235.4	164.1	
Removal of coronary artery obstruction and insertion of stent(s) ¹	25.4	34.7	16.5	
Coronary artery bypass graft ¹	22.5	31.8	13.5	
Cardiac catheterization	41.1	50.2	32.4	
Insertion, replacement, removal, and revision of pacemaker leads or device 37.7–37.8	11.7	12.3	11.2	
Hemodialysis	15.0	14.7	15.3	
Operations on the hemic and lymphatic system	12.7	13.0	12.3	
Operations on the digestive system	186.8	160.7	211.9	
Endoscopy of small intestine with or without biopsy	32.6	30.4	34.7	
Endoscopy of large intestine with or without biopsy	18.3	14.8	21.6	
Partial excision of large intestine	8.1	7.8	8.4	
Appendectomy, excluding incidental	9.7	10.8	8.6	
Cholecystectomy	16.4	10.2	22.2	
Lysis of peritoneal adhesions	11.4	4.2	18.4	
Operations on the urinary system	36.6	37.3	35.9	
Cystoscopy with or without biopsy	7.1	9.0	5.3	
Operations on the male genital organs	11.7	23.9		
Prostatectomy	8.3	16.9		
perations on the female genital organs	76.5		149.7	
Oophorectomy and salpingo-oophorectomy	17.8		34.8	
Bilateral destruction or occlusion of fallopian tubes	12.0		23.5	
Hysterectomy	22.3		43.7	
Obstetrical procedures	247.1		483.9	
Episiotomy with or without forceps or vacuum extraction	43.7		85.7	
Artificial rupture of membranes	28.6		55.9	
Cesarean section	30.3	• • •	59.4 78.3	
Repair of current obstetric laceration	40.0	445.5		
Poerations on the musculoskeletal system	117.3	115.5	119.1	
	7.9 23.7	8.3 22.5	7.5 24.9	
Reduction of fracture	15.8	14.2	17.4	
Excision or destruction of intervertebral disc	10.8	12.4	9.3	
Total hip replacement	5.3	4.3	6.3	
Total knee replacement	9.6	6.8	12.3	
perations on the integumentary system	45.1	43.1	47.0	
Debridement of wound, infection, or burn	11.5	14.2	9.0	
liscellaneous diagnostic and therapeutic procedures	467.0	465.2	468.6	
Computerized axial tomography	35.6	35.8	35.4	
Arteriography and angiocardiography using contrast material	70.2	81.4	59.6	
Diagnostic ultrasound	41.1	36.5	45.5	
Respiratory therapy	40.2	42.4	38.2	
Insertion of endotracheal tube	13.8	14.7	12.9	
Injection or infusion of cancer chemotherapeutic substance	10.2	9.8	10.7	

^{...} Category not applicable.

¹See table 24 for comparison of number of procedures with number of discharges with procedures.

Table 29. Number of all-listed procedures for discharges from short-stay hospitals by geographic region and procedure category: United States, 1997

Procedure category and ICD-9-CM code	United States	Northeast	Midwest	South	West		
		Num	Number in thousands				
All procedures	40,509	9,681	8,922	13,263	8,643		
Operations on the nervous system	1,043	220	267	324	232		
Spinal tap	311	67	73	95	77		
Operations on the endocrine system	104	25	21	39	19		
Operations on the eye	135	*	20	*	26		
Operations on the ear	47	14	9	15	*9		
Operations on the nose, mouth, and pharynx	311	101	55	108	48		
Operations on the respiratory system	1,016	259	222	352	183		
Bronchoscopy with or without biopsy	284	71	60	103	50		
Operations on the cardiovascular system	5,382	1,219	1,245	1,934	984		
Removal of coronary artery obstruction and insertion of stent(s) ¹	686	138	172	238	139		
Coronary artery bypass graft ¹	607	154	152	190	111		
Cardiac catheterization	1,112	224	255	456	177		
Insertion, replacement, removal, and revision of pacemaker leads or device	317	83	82	109	44		
Hemodialysis	406	84	70	164	88		
Operations on the hemic and lymphatic system	342	92	74	115	61		
Operations on the digestive system	5,052			1,739	952		
Endoscopy of small intestine with or without biopsy	882	1,173 188	1,188 213	332	150		
Endoscopy of large intestine with or without biopsy	494	127	113	171	83		
Partial excision of large intestine	220	50	54	69	46		
Appendectomy, excluding incidental	263	50	70	75	69		
Cholecystectomy	442	111	96	149	87		
Lysis of peritoneal adhesions	310	67	73	117	53		
Operations on the urinary system	990	238	221	358	172		
Cystoscopy with or without biopsy	192	54	47	67	25		
Operations on the male genital organs	317	80	78	102	57		
Prostatectomy	223	58	55	65	45		
Operations on the female genital organs	2,068	351	471	857	389		
Oophorectomy and salpingo-oophorectomy	481	80	121	195	85		
Bilateral destruction or occlusion of fallopian tubes	325	31	59	168	66		
Hysterectomy	603	97	154	252	100		
Obstetrical procedures	6,682	1,247	1,494	2,178	1,763		
Episiotomy with or without forceps or vacuum extraction 72.1,72.21,72.31,72.71,73.6	1,183	213	277	429	264		
Artificial rupture of membranes	772 820	128	223	176	246		
Cesarean section 74.0–74.2,74.4,74.99 Repair of current obstetric laceration 75.5–75.6	1,082	138 184	161 253	343 349	178 296		
·	3,172	690	725		630		
Operations on the musculoskeletal system	213	48	725 50	1,128 71	45		
Partial excision of bone	642	131	141	244	126		
Open reduction of fracture with internal fixation	428	83	101	163	81		
Excision or destruction of intervertebral disc	293	49	70	123	51		
Total hip replacement	144	32	40	40	31		
Total knee replacement	259	56	76	87	41		
Operations on the integumentary system	1,220	300	278	432	210		
Debridement of wound, infection, or burn	312	73	80	112	47		
Aliscellaneous diagnostic and therapeutic procedures	12,628	3,631	2,557	3,534	2,906		
Computerized axial tomography 87.03,87.41,87.71,88.01,88.38	963	337	*	199	268		
Arteriography and angiocardiography using contrast material 88.4–88.5	1,900	368	469	766	297		
Diagnostic ultrasound	1,111	374	*	199	352		
Respiratory therapy	1,088	299	184	292	313		
Insertion of endotracheal tube	374	98	84	124	68		

^{*} Figure does not meet standard of reliability or precision.

¹See table 24 for comparison of number of procedures with number of discharges with procedures.

Table 30. Rate of all-listed procedures for discharges from short-stay hospitals by geographic region and procedure category: United States, 1997

Procedure category and ICD-9-CM code	United States	Northeast	Midwest	South	West	
		Rate p	Rate per 10,000 population			
All procedures	1,498.0	1,862.8	1,421.1	1,391.4	1,432.0	
Operations on the nervous system	38.6	42.3	42.5	34.0	38.5	
Spinal tap	11.5	12.8	11.7	9.9	12.7	
Operations on the endocrine system	3.9	4.8	3.3	4.1	3.2	
Operations on the eye	5.0	*	3.2	*	4.3	
Departions on the ear	1.7	2.7	1.4	1.6	*1.6	
Operations on the nose, mouth, and pharynx	11.5	19.5	8.7	11.3	7.9	
Operations on the respiratory system	37.6	49.8	35.3	36.9	30.4	
Bronchoscopy with or without biopsy	10.5	13.7	9.6	10.8	8.2	
Operations on the cardiovascular system	199.0	234.5	198.3	202.9	163.1	
Removal of coronary artery obstruction and insertion of stent(s) ¹ 36.0	25.4	26.5	27.4	25.0	23.0	
Coronary artery bypass graft ¹	22.5	29.7	24.2	19.9	18.4	
Cardiac catheterization	41.1	43.1	40.6	47.8	29.4	
Insertion, replacement, removal, and revision of pacemaker leads or device . 37.7–37.8	11.7	16.0	13.0	11.5	7.2	
Hemodialysis	15.0	16.1	11.1	17.2	14.6	
Operations on the hemic and lymphatic system	12.7	17.7	11.7	12.1	10.2	
Operations on the digestive system	186.8	225.6	189.3	182.4	157.8	
Endoscopy of small intestine with or without biopsy	32.6	36.2	33.9	34.8	24.8	
Endoscopy of large intestine with or without biopsy	18.3	24.4	18.0	17.9	13.8	
Partial excision of large intestine	8.1	9.7	8.6	7.2	7.7	
Appendectomy, excluding incidental	9.7	9.6	11.1	7.8	11.4	
Cholecystectomy	16.4	21.3	15.2	15.7	14.4	
Lysis of peritoneal adhesions	11.4	12.8	11.6	12.3	8.7	
Operations on the urinary system	36.6	45.9	35.2	37.6	28.5	
Cystoscopy with or without biopsy	7.1	10.3	7.6	7.0	4.1	
Operations on the male genital organs	11.7	15.3	12.4	10.7	9.5	
Prostatectomy	8.3	11.1	8.8	6.9	7.4	
Operations on the female genital organs	76.5	67.5	75.0	89.9	64.5	
Oophorectomy and salpingo-oophorectomy	17.8	15.4	19.3	20.4	14.2	
Bilateral destruction or occlusion of fallopian tubes	12.0	5.9	9.4	17.7	11.0	
Hysterectomy	22.3	18.7	24.5	26.4	16.6	
Obstetrical procedures	247.1 43.7	240.0 41.0	237.9 44.1	228.5 45.0	292.1 43.7	
Artificial rupture of membranes	28.6	24.7	35.5	18.5	40.7	
Cesarean section	30.3	26.6	25.6	36.0	29.4	
Repair of current obstetric laceration	40.0	35.4	40.3	36.6	49.0	
Operations on the musculoskeletal system	117.3	132.8	115.4	118.3	104.4	
Partial excision of bone	7.9	9.2	7.9	7.4	7.4	
Reduction of fracture	23.7	25.1	22.5	25.6	20.9	
Open reduction of fracture with internal fixation	15.8	16.0	16.1	17.1	13.5	
Excision or destruction of intervertebral disc	10.8	9.4	11.2	12.9	8.4	
Total hip replacement	5.3	6.2	6.5	4.2	5.1	
Total knee replacement	9.6	10.7	12.1	9.1	6.8	
perations on the integumentary system	45.1	57.7	44.3	45.3	34.8	
Debridement of wound, infection, or burn	11.5	14.0	12.8	11.7	7.9	
Aiscellaneous diagnostic and therapeutic procedures 87–99	467.0	698.7	407.3	370.8	481.4	
Computerized axial tomography 87.03,87.41,87.71,88.01,88.38	35.6	64.9	*	20.9	44.4	
Arteriography and angiocardiography using contrast material 88.4–88.5	70.2	70.8	74.7	80.4	49.1	
Diagnostic ultrasound	41.1	71.9	*	20.9	58.3	
Respiratory therapy	40.2	57.5	29.4	30.6	51.9	
Insertion of endotracheal tube	13.8	18.9	13.3	13.0	11.3	
Injection or infusion of cancer chemotherapeutic substance	10.2	18.9	8.7	7.9	8.	

^{*} Figure does not meet standard of reliability or precision.

See table 24 for comparison of number of procedures with number of discharges with procedures.

Table 31. Number, percent distribution, and rate of discharges and days of care, with average length of stay for females with deliveries discharged from short-stay hospitals, by type of delivery, age, and region: United States, 1997

[Discharges of inpatients from non-Federal hospitals. Data are for discharges 10–54 years of age with International Classification of Diseases, 9th Revision, Clinical Modification (ICD-9-CM) code V27, females with deliveries]

Age and region	Number in thousands	Discharges percent distribution	Rate per 1,000 population	Number in thousands	Days of care percent distribution	Rate per 1,000 population	Average length of stay in days
All deliveries							
10–54 years	3,808	100.0	43.6	9,227	100.0	105.6	2.4
10–19 years	477	12.5	25.1	1,153	12.5	60.6	2.4
20–24 years	907	23.8	103.4	2,024	21.9	230.8	2.2
25–29 years	1,075	28.2	111.2	2,577	27.9	266.8	2.4
30–34 years	852	22.4	81.2	2,165	23.5	206.2	2.5
35–39 years	415	10.9	36.3	1,087	11.8	95.3	2.6
40–54 years	84	2.2	3.0	221	2.4	7.9	2.6
All regions	3,808	100.0	43.6	9,227	100.0	105.6	2.4
Northeast	621	16.3	37.2	1,730	18.7	103.6	2.8
Midwest	830	21.8	41.0	2,013	21.8	99.3	2.4
South	1,407	37.0	45.4	3,434	37.2	110.7	2.4
West	949	24.9	49.0	2,050	22.2	105.9	2.2
Vaginal deliveries ¹							
10–54 years	2,988	100.0	34.2	6,136	100.0	70.2	2.1
10–19 years	399	13.3	21.0	838	13.7	44.1	2.1
20–24 years	747	25.0	85.2	1,464	23.9	166.9	2.0
25–29 years	846	28.3	87.6	1,729	28.2	179.0	2.0
30–34 years	640	21.4	61.0	1,377	22.4	131.2	2.2
35–39 years	301	10.1	26.4	621	10.1	54.5	2.1
40–54 years	54	1.8	1.9	106	1.7	3.8	2.0
All regions	2,988	100.0	34.2	6,136	100.0	70.2	2.1
Northeast	483	16.2	28.9	1,105	18.0	66.2	2.3
Midwest	670	22.4	33.0	1,407	22.9	69.4	2.1
South	1,064	35.6	34.3	2,158	35.2	69.6	2.0
West	771	25.8	39.8	1,465	23.9	75.7	1.9
Cesarean deliveries ²							
10–54 years	820	100.0	9.4	3,091	100.0	35.4	3.8
10–19 years	78	9.5	4.1	315	10.2	16.6	4.0
20–24 years	159	19.4	18.1	560	18.1	63.9	3.5
25–29 years	228	27.8	23.6	849	27.4	87.8	3.7
30–34 years	212	25.8	20.2	787	25.5	75.0	3.7
35–39 years	113	13.8	9.9	466	15.1	40.8	4.1
40–54 years	30	3.6	1.1	114	3.7	4.1	3.9
All regions	820	100.0	9.4	3,091	100.0	35.4	3.8
Northeast	138	16.9	8.3	625	20.2	37.4	4.5
Midwest	161	19.6	7.9	606	19.6	29.9	3.8
South	343	41.9	11.1	1,276	41.3	41.1	3.7
West	178	21.7	9.2	585	18.9	30.2	3.3

¹Discharges of females with deliveries except those with cesarean deliveries.

²Discharges of females with deliveries with ICD-9-CM procedure codes 74.0-74.2, 74.4, or 74.99.

Table 32. Number and percent distribution of females with deliveries discharged from short-stay hospitals by length of stay and type of delivery and average length of stay by type of delivery: United States, selected years 1980–97

[Discharges of inpatients from non-Federal hospitals. Data are for discharges with International Classification of Diseases, 9th Revision, Clinical Modification (ICD-9-CM) code V27, females with deliveries]

Length of stay and type of delivery	1980	1985	1990	1995	1997
Length of stay		1	Number in thousand	ls	
All deliveries	3,762	3,854	4,025	3,766	3,808
ess than 1 day	23	34	37	36	22
day	216	373	623	1,368	929
days	747	1,037	1,649	1,418	1,712
days	1,205	1,140	900	606	743
days	691	586	468	193	247
–7 days	726	598	282	100	102
days or more	154	86	67	46	52
aginal deliveries ¹	3,143	2,977	3,080	2,981	2,988
ess than 1 day	23	33	35	34	21
day	215	371	620	1,362	925
days	743	1,030	1,624	1,271	1,558
days	1,185	1,054	618	228	374
days	618	338	106	39	57
-7 days	317	125	55	27	29
days or more	42	26	23	21	24
esarean deliveries ²	619	877	945	785	820
ess than 1 day	*	*	*	*	*
day	*	*	*	*6	*
days	*	*	25	147	154
days	20	86	283	379	369
days	73	249	361	154	190
-7 days	409	473	227	73	73
				73 25	29
days or more	112	60	44	25	29
			Percent distribution	1	
Il deliveries	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
ess than 1 day	0.6	0.9	0.9	1.0	0.6
day	5.7	9.7	15.5	36.3	24.4
days	19.9	26.9	41.0	37.7	44.9
days	32.0	29.6	22.4	16.1	19.5
days	18.4	15.2	11.6	5.1	6.5
	19.3	15.5	7.0	2.7	2.7
-7 days	4.1	2.2	1.7	1.2	1.4
,					
aginal deliveries ¹	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
ess than 1 day	0.7	1.1	1.1	1.1	0.7
day	6.8	12.5	20.1	45.7	31.0
days	23.6	34.6	52.7	42.6	52.1
days	37.7	35.4	20.1	7.6	12.5
days	19.7	11.4	3.4	1.3	1.9
-7 days	10.1	4.2	1.8	0.9	1.0
days or more	1.3	0.9	0.7	0.7	0.8
esarean deliveries ²	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
ess than 1 day	*	*	*	*	*
day	*	*	*	*0.8	*
days	*	*	2.6	18.7	18.8
days	3.2	9.8	29.9	48.3	45.0
days	11.8	28.4	38.2	19.6	23.2
,					
-7 days	66.1 18.1	53.9 6.8	24.0 4.7	9.3 3.2	8.9 3.5
•					0.0
Type of delivery			age length of stay ir	-	
	3.8	3.3	2.8	2.1	2.4
Il deliveries	5.0	0.0			
all deliveries	3.2	2.7	2.3	1.7	2.1

^{*} Figure does not meet standard of reliability or precision.

¹Discharges of females with deliveries except those with cesarean deliveries.

²Discharges of females with deliveries with ICD-9-CM procedure codes 74.0-74.2, 74.4, or 74.99.

Table 33. Number and rate of selected obstetrical procedures for females with deliveries discharged from short-stay hospitals: United States, selected years 1980–1997

[Discharges from non-Federal hospitals. Procedure groupings and code numbers are based on the *International Classification of Diseases, 9th Revision, Clinical Modification* (ICD-9-CM). Data are for selected procedures performed on discharges with code V27, females with deliveries]

Procedure category and ICD-9-CM code	1980	1985	1990	1995	1997
	Number of procedures in thousands				
All obstetrical procedures	3,526	4,239	6,660	6,282	6,600
Episiotomy	2,012	1,820	1,714	1,410	1,183
Forceps delivery ¹	555	376	269	176	169
Vacuum extraction ¹	22	66	190	279	287
Artificial rupture of membranes	120	315	691	752	772
Medical induction of labor	42	66	225	366	427
Manually assisted delivery	70	193	750	866	1,222
Cesarean section	619	877	945	785	820
Repair of current obstetric laceration	350	543	789	961	1,080
		Rat	e per 100 delive	ries ²	
All obstetrical procedures	93.7	110.0	165.5	166.8	173.3
Artificial rupture of membranes	3.2	8.2	17.2	20.0	20.3
Medical induction of labor	1.1	1.7	5.6	9.7	11.2
Cesarean section	16.5	22.7	23.5	20.8	21.5
		Rate pe	r 100 vaginal de	eliveries ³	
Episiotomy	64.0	61.1	55.6	47.2	39.5
Forceps delivery ¹	17.6	12.5	8.6	5.8	5.5
Vacuum extraction ¹	0.7	2.2	6.1	9.2	9.5
Manually assisted delivery	2.2	6.5	24.3	29.0	40.7
Repair of current obstetric laceration	11.1	18.1	25.5	32.0	35.9

¹Forceps delivery and vacuum extraction with episiotomy are also included in the episiotomy category.

Table 34. Number and rate of females with deliveries discharged from short-stay hospitals by type of delivery: United States, selected years 1980–1997

[Discharges of inpatients from non-Federal hospitals. Data are for discharges with International Classification of Diseases, 9th Revision, Clinical Modification (ICD-9-CM) code V27, females with deliveries]

Type of delivery	1980	1985	1990	1995	1997
		1	Number in thousand	ls	
Females with deliveries	3,762	3,854	4,025	3,766	3,808
Previous cesarean delivery	192	324	426	413	453
No previous cesarean delivery	3,571	3,530	3,600	3,353	3,354
/aginal deliveries	3,143	2,977	3,080	2,981	2,988
Vaginal birth after cesarean delivery (VBAC)	*6	21	87	147	156
Other vaginal deliveries	3,137	2,956	2,993	2,835	2,832
Cesarean deliveries	619	877	945	785	820
No previous cesarean delivery (primary)	434	574	606	519	523
Previous cesarean delivery (repeat)	185	303	339	266	297
		R	ate per 100 deliveri	es	
Cesarean deliveries per 100 deliveries	16.5	22.7	23.5	20.8	21.5
Primary cesarean deliveries per 100 deliveries without previous					
cesarean delivery	12.1	16.3	16.8	15.5	15.6
Repeat cesarean deliveries per 100 cesarean deliveries	29.9	34.6	35.9	33.9	36.3
/aginal birth after cesarean deliveries (VBAC) per 100 deliveries with previous cesarean delivery	*3.4	6.6	20.4	35.5	34.5

^{*} Figure does not neet standard of reliability or precision.

NOTE: Previous cesarean deliveries are discharges with ICD-9-CM diagnostic code 654.2. Cesarean deliveries are discharges with ICD-9-CM procedure codes 74.0-74.2, 74.4 or 74.99.

²Procedures per 100 discharges of females with deliveries.

³Procedures for females with vaginal deliveries per 100 discharges with vaginal deliveries. Vaginal deliveries are all deliveries except those with a cesarean section.

Table 35. Number and rate of females with deliveries discharged from short-stay hospitals by type of delivery, age, and region: United States, 1997

[Discharges of inpatients from non-Federal hospitals. Data are for discharges 10–54 years of age with International Classification of Diseases, 9th Revision, Clinical Modification (ICD-9-CM) code V27, females with deliveries]

	Cesarean deliveries					
Age and region	Total ¹	Primary ²	Repeat ³	VBAC ^{4,5}		
		Number	in thousands			
10–54 years	820	523	297	156		
10–19 years	78	70	8	*		
20–24 years	159	107	52	30		
25–29 years	228	146	82	44		
30–34 years	212	119	93	47		
35–39 years	113	63	50	25		
40–54 years	30	18	12	*		
All regions	820	523	297	156		
Northwest	138	96	42	21		
Midwest	161	101	60	37		
South	343	213	131	57		
West	178	113	65	42		
	Rate per 100 deliveries					
10–54 years	21.5	15.6	36.3	34.5		
10–19 years	16.4	15.1	10.6	*		
20–24 years	17.6	13.0	32.4	36.7		
25–29 years	21.2	15.4	36.1	35.0		
30–34 years	24.8	16.7	43.9	33.7		
35–39 years	27.3	18.6	44.4	33.5		
40–54 years	35.4	26.4	39.4	*		
.ll regions	21.5	15.6	36.3	34.5		
Northwest	22.3	17.3	30.3	33.1		
Midwest	19.3	13.8	37.2	38.3		
South	24.4	17.4	38.1	30.2		
West	18.7	13.4	36.5	39.2		

^{*}Figure does not meet standard of reliability or precision.

¹Discharges with ICD-9-CM procedure codes 74.0-74.2, 74.4, or 74.99. Rate per 100 total deliveries.

²Cesarean deliveries without ICD-9-CM diagnostic code 654.2. Rate per 100 deliveries without previous cesarean delivery.

 $^{^3}$ Cesarean deliveries with ICD-9-CM diagnostic code 654.2. Rate per 100 cesarean deliveries.

⁴VBAC is vaginal birth after cesarean delivery.

⁵Vaginal deliveries with ICD-9-CM diagnostic code 654.2. Rate per 100 deliveries with previous cesarean delivery.

Table 36. Number, percent distribution, and average length of stay for newborn infants discharged from short-stay hospitals by sex, geographic region, and health status: United States, 1997

[Discharges of inpatients from non-Federal hospitals]

	Disch	Average	
Sex, region, and health status	Number in thousands	Percent distribution	length of stay in days
All newborn infants	3,790	100.0	2.9
Sex			
Male	1,931	51.0	3.0
emale	1,859	49.0	2.9
Region			
lortheast	605	16.0	3.5
lidwest	851	22.4	2.7
outh	1,423	37.6	3.0
/est	911	24.0	2.7
Health status			
/ell ¹	2,326	61.4	1.8
Male	1,128	29.8	1.8
Female	1,198	31.6	1.8
ick ²	1,464	38.6	4.7
Male	803	21.2	4.6
Female	661	17.4	5.0

¹Without any illness or risk-related diagnoses.

Table 37. Number and percent distribution of newborn infants discharged from short-stay hospitals by length of stay, and average length of stay by health status: United States, selected years 1980–97

Length of stay and health status	1980	1985	1990	1995	1997
Length of stay		1	Number in thousand	s	
All newborn infants	3,824	3,794	3,869	3,631	3,790
ess than 1 day	69	84	79	87	68
day	270	428	693	1,523	1,158
days	842	1,057	1,624	1,145	1,635
days	1,175	1,034	636	486	501
days	618	528	447	134	164
–7 days	633	497	232	106	106
days or more	218	167	157	149	158
			Percent distribution		
Il newborn infants	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
ess than 1 day	1.8	2.2	2.0	2.4	1.8
day	7.1	11.3	17.9	41.9	30.6
days	22.0	27.9	42.0	31.5	43.2
days	30.7	27.3	16.4	13.4	13.2
days	16.2	13.9	11.6	3.7	4.3
–7 days	16.5	13.1	6.0	2.9	2.8
days or more	5.7	4.4	4.1	4.1	4.2
Health status		Avera	age length of stay ir	days	
Il newborn infants	4.3	3.8	3.3	2.8	2.9
Vell ¹	3.2	2.8	2.3	1.7	1.8
ick ²	7.1	5.7	4.8	4.4	4.7

¹Without any illness or risk-related diagnoses.

²With at least one illness or risk-related diagnosis, International Classification of Diseases, 9th Revision, Clinical Modification codes 001–999.

²With at least one illness or risk-related diagnosis, International Classification of Diseases, 9th Revision, Clinical Modification codes 001–999.

Table 38. Number of all-listed diagnoses for sick newborn infants discharged from short-stay hospitals by sex and selected diagnostic categories: United States, 1997

Diagnostic category and ICD-9-CM code	Both sexes	Male	Female
	Nu	mber in thousands	
Sick newborn diagnoses	2,718	1,535	1,183
Congenital anomalies	236	138	98
Disorders relating to short gestation and unspecified low birthweight (prematurity)	266	147	119
Disorders relating to long gestation and high birthweight	209	127	83
Birth trauma .767 Injuries to scalp .767.1	153 91	92 56	62 35
Respiratory distress syndrome and other respiratory conditions of fetus and newborn	369 114	212 68	157 46
nfections specific to the perinatal period	106	61	46
Hemolytic disease of fetus or newborn, due to isoimmunization, and other perinatal jaundice	483 97 324	260 55 176	224 42 148
Endocrine and metabolic disturbances specific to the fetus and newborn	112	68	45

Appendix

Technical Notes

Abstract Form

Figure I shows the medical abstract form used for the 1997 NHDS. The hospital number, medical record number, date of birth, and patient ZIP Code are confidential information and are not released to the public.

Population Estimates

Population estimates used to compute rates are shown in table I. These estimates are for the U.S. civilian population, including institutionalized persons, as of July 1, 1997. They were provided by the U.S. Bureau of the Census and are consistent with population estimates in Population Division Release PPL-91R (U.S. Population Estimates by Age, Sex, Race and Hispanic Origin: 1990-1997). These estimates have been adjusted for the net underenumeration using the 1990 National Population Adjustment Matrix. This is a change from population data provided in reports of 1990-96 NHDS data, which were not adjusted for the underenumeration.

Reliability of Estimates

The statistics presented in this report are based on sample surveys, and therefore may differ from the figures that would be obtained if a complete census had been taken. The standard error is primarily a measure of sampling variability that occurs by chance because only a sample rather than an entire universe is surveyed. Standard errors for the estimates from the NHDS were calculated with SUDAAN software, which takes into account the complex sample designs. A description of the software and the approach it uses has been published (14).

The chances are about 32 in 100 that an estimate from the samples would differ from a complete census by more than the standard error. The chances are 5 in 100 that the difference would be more than twice the standard error, and

about 1 in 100 that the difference would be more than 2.5 times as large as the standard error. The relative standard error (RSE) expresses the standard error as a percent of the estimate and can be multiplied by the estimate to obtain the standard error.

To derive approximate standard errors for the estimates in this report, first calculate the approximate RSE of the estimate using the parameters shown in table II. Then multiply the approximate RSE by the estimate. The approximate RSE of an estimate *X*, may be estimated from the formula:

$$RSE(X) = \sqrt{a + b/X}$$

where a and b are defined in table II. When multiplied by 100, RSE(X) is expressed as a percent of X.

The approximate RSE for a percent *p* in which the numerator is a subclass of the denominator may be calculated directly using the formula:

$$RSE(p) = \sqrt{b(1-p)/(pX)}$$

where 100p is the percent of interest, X is the denominator of the percent, and b is the parameter b in the formula for approximating the RSE(X). The values for b are given in table II. When multiplied by 100, RSE(p) is expressed as a percent of p. This approximation is valid if the RSE of the denominator is less than 5 percent or the RSE's of the numerator and denominator are both less than 10 percent (15,16).

The approximate RSE of a population-based rate is equivalent to the approximate RSE of the numerator (obtained by the method described above using figures from table II) if the denominator is an estimate produced by the U.S. Bureau of the Census for the total population or one or more of the age-sex groups of the total population.

The approximate RSE of a ratio (X/Y) in which the numerator (X) and the denominator (Y) are both estimated from the same survey, but the numerator is not a subclass of the denominator, expressed as a percent of X/Y, is calculated using the formula:

$$RSE(X/Y) = \sqrt{[RSE(X)]^2 + [RSE(Y)]^2}$$

When multiplied by 100, the RSE(X/Y) is expressed as a percent of the ratio X/Y. This approximation is valid if the RSE of the denominator is less than 5 percent or the RSE's of both the numerator and denominator are both less than 10 percent (15,16).

Definitions of Selected Terms

Age—Age refers to a patient's age at the birthday prior to admission to the hospital.

Average length of stay—The average length of stay is the mean length of stay for discharges. It is calculated by dividing the number of days of care by the number of discharges.

Days of care—Days of care are the total number of days a patient spent in the hospital. A stay of less than 1 day (patient admission and discharge on the same day) is counted as 1 day. For patients admitted and discharged on different days, the number of days of care is computed by counting all the days from (and including) the day of admission to (but not including) the day of discharge.

Diagnosis—A diagnosis is a disease or injury (or other factor that influences a patient's health status or causes contact with health services) that is listed on the medical record of the patient. The diagnosis established after study to be chiefly responsible for the admission of the patient to the hospital is the principal diagnosis. The first-listed diagnosis is the one specified as the principal diagnosis on the face sheet or discharge summary of the medical record. However, if the principal diagnosis is not specified, the first one listed on the face sheet or discharge summary of the medical record is used. The number of first-listed diagnoses is the same as the number of discharges. Data for all-listed diagnoses include first-listed diagnoses and other diagnoses appearing on the medical record. A minimum of one and a maximum of seven diagnoses are coded per discharge in NHDS. The HIV data (table 19) are for discharges with an HIV diagnosis listed in any position among the coded diagnoses.

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Notice – All information which would permit identification of an individual or an establishment will be held confidential, will be used only by persons engaged in and for the purposes of the survey, and will not be disclosed or released to other persons or used for any other purpose. Public reporting burden of this collection of information is estimated to average 4 minutes per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. An agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number. Send comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden to DHHS Reports Clearance Officer; Paperwork Reduction Project (0920-0212); Room 531-H, Hubert H. Humphrey Building, 200 Independence Avenue, SW; Washington, DC 20201.

DHHS Reports Clearance Officer; Paperw Washington, DC 20201.	ork Reduction Project (0920-02	this collection of information, including 12); Room 531-H, Hubert H. Humphrey I	suggestions for reducing this burden to Building, 200 Independence Avenue, SW;				
FORM HDS-1 (5-12-99) MEDICAL ARSTR	BUREAL ACTING AS CC DEPARTMENT OF HE CENTERS FOR DISEAS NATIONAL CENTE	MENT OF COMMERCE U OF THE CENSUS OLLECTING AGENT FOR SALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES SE CONTROL AND PREVENTION ER FOR HEALTH STATISTICS	HARGE SLIDVEV				
MIEDICAL ADSIR			MANGE SUNVE I				
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 Hospital number HDS number Medical record 	5.	4. Date of admission Month Day Year 5. Date of discharge					
number		Residence ZIP Code L					
7 Date of hirth	B. PATIEN						
7. Date of birth Month D	ay Year	8. Age (Complete only if date of birth not given)	Units 1 □ Years 2 □ Months 3 □ Days				
9. Sex (Mark (X) one)	1 🗌 Male	2 🗆 Female	₃ ☐ Not stated				
1 White 5 Other (Specify) 2 Black 3 American Indian/Eskimo/Aleut 4 Asian/Pacific Islander 6 Not stated							
11. Ethnicity (Mark (X) one)	1 Hispanic origin	2 ☐ Non-Hispanic	₃ ☐ Not stated				
12. Marital status (Mark (X) one)	1 ☐ Married 2 ☐ Single	3 ☐ Widowed 4 ☐ Divorced	5 ☐ Separated 6 ☐ Not stated				
13. Expected source(s) of payment		Principal (Mark one only)	Other additional sources (Mark all that apply)				
1. Worker's compensation							
No source of payment inc							
14. Status/Disposition of patient (Mark (X) appropriate box(es))	b. 🗌 c. 🗍 d. 🖟 e. 🗍	Disposition Routine discharge/discharged ho Left against medical advice Discharged, transferred to anoth Discharged, transferred to long-t Other disposition/not stated	er short-term hospital				
	2 ☐ Died 3 ☐ Status not stated						

C.	FINAL DIAGNOSES (including E-code diagnoses) (ICD-9-CM codes may be entered	l if no n	arrati	ve is	avail	able)	
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D.	SURGICAL AND DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES (ICD-9-CM codes may be entered if no narrative is available)		Date	of pro	ocedure	e(s)	
	entered if no narrative is available)	Month	D	ау		Year	T -
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FORM HDS-1 (5-12-99)

Table I. Adjusted civilian population by selected characteristics: United States, 1997

	Both sexes	Male	Female	
All ages	Population in thousands			
Total	270,430	132,332	138,098	
Region:				
Northeast	51,968	25,191	26,777	
Midwest	62,784	30,693	32,091	
South	95,320	46,274	49,046	
West	60,358	30,175	30,183	
Under 15 years				
Total	59,749	30,588	29,161	
Under 1 year	3,943	2,017	1,926	
1–4 years	15,882	8,128	7,754	
5–14 years	39,924	20,443	19,481	
Region:				
Northeast	10,804	5,533	5,271	
Midwest	13,651	6,992	6,658	
South	21,051	10,766	10,285	
West	14,243	7,298	6,946	
15–44 years				
Fotal	121,641	60,996	60,645	
15–24 years	37,256	19,012	18,244	
25–34 years	40,167	20,012	20,155	
35–44 years	44,218	21,972	22,246	
Region:				
Northeast	23,057	11,502	11,555	
Midwest	28,135	14,114	14,021	
South	42,723	21,161	21,562	
West	27,726	14,219	13,507	
45–64 years				
Total	55,265	26,810	28,455	
45–54 years	33,643	16,484	17,159	
55–64 years	21,622	10,326	11,296	
Region:				
Northeast	10,903	5,245	5,658	
Midwest	12,949	6,303	6,646	
South	19,699	9,476	10,223	
West	11,715	5,787	5,928	
65 years and over				
Total	33,775	13,938	19,837	
65–74 years	18,324	8,218	10,106	
75–84 years	11,606	4,610	6,996	
85 years and over	3,845	1,109	2,736	
Region:				
Northeast	7,203	2,911	4,292	
Midwest	8,050	3,283	4,766	
South	11,848	4,872	6,976	
	6,674	2,871	3,802	

NOTE: Data are based on U.S. Bureau of the Census estimates in Population Division Release PPL-91R and are adjusted for net underenumeration using the National Population Adjustment Matrix. This is a change from the populations provided in reports of 1990–96 data from the National Hospital Discharge Survey, which were not adjusted for the underenumeration.

Discharge—A discharge is a completed inpatient hospitalization. A hospitalization may be completed by death or by releasing the patient to the customary place of residence, a nursing home, another hospital, or other locations.

Fatality rate—The fatality rate is calculated by dividing the number of deaths for a category by the total number of discharges in that category and multiplying by 100. Discharges whose status is unknown (0.8 percent) were assumed to be discharged alive.

Hospital—Hospitals include those with an average length of stay for all patients of less than 30 days (short stay) or those whose speciality is general (medical or surgical) or children's general. Federal hospitals, hospital units of institutions, and hospitals with less than six beds staffed for patient use are excluded.

Newborn infant—Newborn infants are defined as patients admitted to a hospital by birth. Sick newborn infants are those that had at least one of the *International Classification of Diseases*, 9th Revision, Clinical Modification (ICD–9–CM) (12) diagnostic codes 001–999.

Procedure—Procedures include surgical procedures (such as tonsillectomy), diagnostic procedures (such as cystoscopy), and therapeutic treatments (such as injection or infusion of cancer chemotherapeutic substance) reported on a patient's medical record. Data are for all-listed procedures, which include all occurrences of the procedure coded, regardless of their order in the medical record. Up to four procedures were coded per discharge in NHDS. The procedures classified as nonsurgical in this report are listed in table III by ICD-9-CM code numbers. All other procedures were considered surgical. This classification was begun in 1979 for the presentation of NHDS data. The distinction between surgical and nonsurgical procedures has become less meaningful in the last 2 decades with the development of minimally invasive and noninvasive procedures. The procedures classified as nonsurgical may not have less operative or anesthetic risk or require less highly trained personnel or special equipment than those classified as surgical.

Region—Hospitals are classified by location in one of the four geographic regions of the United States that correspond to those used by the U.S. Bureau of the Census.

Region States included

Northeast Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Connecticut, New York, New Jersey, and Pennsylvania Midwest Michigan, Ohio, Illinois,

Indiana, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Iowa, Missouri, North Dakota, South Dakota, Nebraska, and Kansas South

Delaware, Maryland, District of Columbia, Virginia, West Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Kentucky, Tennessee, Alabama, Mississippi, Arkansas, Louisiana,

Oklahoma, and Texas

West Montana, Idaho, Wyoming, Colorado, New Mexico, Arizona, Utah, Nevada, Washington, Oregon, California, Hawaii, and

Alaska

Table II. Estimated parameters for approximate relative standard error equations for National Hospital Discharge Survey statistics by selected characteristics, 1997

	Number of discharges or first-listed diagnoses		Number of all-listed diagnoses		Number of days of care		Number of all-listed procedures	
	а	b	а	b	а	b	а	b
Total	0.00132	313.983	0.00271	428.987	0.00242	1,036.029	0.00288	323.247
Sex								
Male	0.00148	335.128	0.00214	307.917	0.00299	1,309.507	0.00268	380.213
Female	0.00127	325.984	0.00127	311.394	0.00252	1,060.275	0.00197	299.725
Age								
Under 15 years	0.01470	181.262	0.01617	223.921	0.02393	346.675	0.02639	196.719
15–44 years	0.00137	294.357	0.00151	309.115	0.00285	934.043	0.00219	305.574
45–64 years	0.00138	301.320	0.00290	370.245	0.00284	1,248.476	0.00235	298.267
65 years and over	0.00147	343.779	0.00144	361.717	0.00275	1,866.761	0.00239	292.252
Region								
Northeast	0.00384	195.564	0.00592	239.709	0.00863	495.447	0.00695	219.126
Midwest	0.00609	191.492	0.00853	180.424	0.00866	481.071	0.00870	163.190
South	0.00369	320.084	0.00307	341.005	0.00572	1,581.301	0.00498	274.548
West	0.00513	338.516	0.00508	378.827	0.01008	926.285	0.00663	288.835

NOTE: The relative standard error (RSE) can be determined from the equation RSE(x) = $\sqrt{a + b/X}$.

Table III. Code numbers for procedures considered nonsurgical in the National Hospital Discharge Survey by ICD-9-CM category, 1997

[Procedure categories and code numbers are based on the International Classification of Diseases, 9th Revision, Clinical Modification (ICD-9-CM)]

Procedure category and ICD-9-CM code	Nonsurgical codes				
Operations on the nervous system	01.18-01.19,03.31,03.39,04.19,05.19				
Operations on the endocrine system	06.19, 07.19				
Operations on the eye	08.19, 09.19, 09.41 - 09.49, 10.29, 11.29, 12.29, 14.19, 15.09, 16.21, 16.29				
Operations on the ear	18.01,18.11,18.19,20.31,20.39				
Operations on the nose, mouth, and pharynx 21–29	21.00-21.02,21.21,21.29,22.19,24.19,25.09,26.19,27.29,28.19,29.11,29.19				
Operations on the respiratory system	31.41-31.42,31.48-31.49,33.21-33.23,33.29,34.21-34.22,34.28-34.29				
Operations on the cardiovascular system	37.26–37.27,37.29,38.29,39.95				
Operations on the hemic and lymphatic system	40.19,41.38–41.39				
Operations on the digestive system	42.22-42.23,42.29,44.11-44.13,44.19,45.11-45.13,45.19,45.21-45.24,45.28-45.29, 48.21-48.23,48.29,49.21,49.29,50.19,51.10-51.11,51.19,52.19,54.21,54.29				
Operations on the urinary system	55.21–55.22,55.29,56.31,56.35,56.39,57.31–57.32,57.39,57.94–57.95, 58.21–58.22,58.29,59.29				
Operations on the male genital organs 60–64	60.18-60.19,61.19,62.19,63.09,64.19, 64.94				
Operations on the female genital organs 65–71	65.19,66.19,67.19,68.11,68.19,69.92,70.21–70.22,70.29,71.19				
Obstetrical procedures	73.4–73.59,73.91–73.92,75.31–75.32,75.34–75.35,75.94				
Operations on the musculoskeletal system	76.19,78.80–78.89,80.20–80.29,81.98,83.29,84.41–84.43,84.45–84.47				
Operations on the integumentary system	85.19,86.19,86.92				
Miscellaneous diagnostic and therapeutic procedures 87–99	87.01–99.99				

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