

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH, EDUCATION, AND WELFARE Public Health Service Health Resources Administration 5600 Fishers Lane Rockville, Maryland 20852

VITAL STATISTICS REPORT

Hospital Discharge Survey Data

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NATIONAL CENTER FOR HEALTH STATISTICS

Surgery in Short-Stay Hospitals: United States, 1973

This report provides estimates of the number of surgical operations and procedures which were performed for inpatients discharged from non-Federal general and special short-stay hospitals during 1973. The estimates are based on data collected by the Hospital Discharge Survey (HDS). This survey of shortstay hospital utilization in the United States has been conducted by the National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS) continuously since the beginning of 1965. Data for newborn infants are excluded from this report.

Estimates from the HDS are based on a sample of the hospital records of inpatients discharged from a national sample of the non-Federal short-stay hospitals. Demographic, diagnostic, and surgical data for inpatients in the sample are abstracted from the face sheets of the medical records. A maximum of five diagnoses and three operations or procedures are coded for each inpatient. Coding of the medical data from the survey is done according to the *Eighth Revision International Classification of Diseases, Adapted for Use in the United States* (ICDA), with some modifications. (See Technical Notes for a description of the survey and definitions of terms used in this report.)

An estimated 32.1 million inpatients, excluding newborn infants, were discharged from short-stay hospitals during 1973 (table 1). Of this number, 13.3 million, or 41.3 percent of the patients discharged, had one or more operations. The percent of patients with surgery decreased with each older age group from 47.3 percent for those under 15 years of age to 30.0 percent for age group 65 years and over.

Hospitals in the South Region had the smallest proportion of patients with surgery (36.3 percent) and hospitals in the West Region had the largest proportion (45.4 percent). The percent of patients with surgery increased with successively larger hospitals from 29.0 percent in hospitals with 6-99 beds to 47.6 percent in hospitals with 500 beds or more.

The estimated numbers of inpatients discharged with surgery per 100,000 persons in the civilian, noninstitutionalized population increased with age. The



1973 rates for inpatients with surgery increased with age from 3,347.0 for under age 15 years to 10,232.5 for age 65 years and over (figure 1). The rates for males were also higher for each older age group. For females, however, the rate for discharges with surgery was highest for age group 15-44 years—the childbearing years.

The number and percent distribution of inpatients with surgery according to age group and sex are shown by the number of operations per patient in table 2. An estimated 69.6 percent of the patients had one operation, 22.0 percent had two operations, and 8.5 percent

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Table 1. Number of inpatients discharged from short-stay hospitals with and without surgery, and percent with surgery, by age, sex, geographic region, and size of hospital: United States, 1973

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Characteristic	All discharges	Without surgery	With surgery	Percent with surgery
	Number of inpatients discharged in thousands			
Total ¹	32,125	18,859	13,266	41.3
AGE				
Under 15 years 15-44 years 45-64 years 65 years and over	3,933 13,482 7,772 6,937	2,073 7,445 4,483 4,858	1,861 6,037 3,290 2,079	47.3 44.8 42.3 30.0
SEX				
MaleFemale	12,835 19,266	7,667 11,175	5,168 8,091	40.3 42.0
GEOGRAPHIC REGION				
Northeast North Central South	7,208 9,975 9,905 5,036	3,972 5,824 6,311 2,752	3,237 4,151 3,594 2,284	44.9 41.6 36.3 45.4
HOSPITAL SIZE				
6-99 beds 100-199 beds	6,604 5,485 5,625 8,228 6,183	4,687 3,383 3,166 4,386 3,237	1,917 2,102 2,459 3,842 2,946	29.0 38.3 43.7 46.7 47.6

[Excludes newborn infants and Federal hospitals]

¹Includes inpatients discharged for whom sex was not stated.

had three operations. Patients in age group 45-64 years accounted for the largest percent of multiple operations.

There were 18.4 million surgical operations performed in 1973 for the 13.3 million patients with surgery (table 3). Of this number, 6.9 million operations were for males and 11.5 million were for females. By dividing the number of operations in table 3 by the number of discharges with surgery in table 2, the average number of surgical operations and procedures per patient with surgery is 1.4 for all patients, 1.3 for male patients, and 1.4 for female patients. By age, these averages are 1.3 for under 15 years, 1.4 for 15-44 years, 1.5 for 45-64 years, and 1.4 for 65 years and over.

Although the percent of patients with surgery de-

creased with age, the number of operations per 100,000 population increased with age from 4,185.8 for under 15 years to 14,067.1 for 65 years and over (table 3). The number of operations per 100,000 population was 6,984.7 for males and 10,776.5 for females. Males accounted for higher surgery rates than females in the youngest and oldest age groups, and females had higher rates than males in age groups 15-64 years.

The numbers of operations and corresponding rates for inpatients discharged from short-stay hospitals during 1973 are presented in tables 4 and 5 for the surgery classes of ICDA and selected surgical operations, by sex and for patients age 15 years and over. The surgical operations and procedures shown in these tables were selected primarily because of their large frequencies.

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Table 2. Number and percent distribution of inpatients discharged from short-stay hospitals with one or more operations by number of operations, according to age and sex: United States, 1973

Age and sex	All discharges with surgery	One operation	Two operations	Three operations ¹
	Number of	inpatients	discharged i	n thousands
Tota ²	13,266	9,230	2,912	1,124
AGE				
Under 15 years 15-44 years 45-64 years 65 years and over	1,861 6,037 3,290 2,079	1,447 4,190 2,118 1,474	362 1,310 807 434	52 537 365 171
SEX				
Male Female	5,168 8,091	3,746 5,479		346 777
	Percent distribution			
Total ²	100.0	69.6	22.0	8.5
AGE				
Under 15 years 15-44 years 45-64 years 65 years and over	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	77.8 69.4 64.4 70.9	19.4 21.7 24.5 20.9	2.8 8.9 11.1 8.2
SEX				
Male Female	100.0 100.0	72.5 67.7	20.8 22.7	6.7 9.6

[Excludes newborn infants and Federal hospitals]

¹A maximum of three operations were coded for each inpatient discharged. ²Includes inpatients discharged for whom sex was not stated.

Table 3. Number and rate of all-listed surgical operations for inpatients discharged from short-stay hospitals, by age and sex: United States, 1973

[Excludes newborn infants and Federal hospitals]

Age	Both sexes ¹	Male	Female	
	Number of operations in thousands			
Total	18,426	6,936	11,480	
Under 15 years 15-44 years 45-64 years 65 years and over	2,326 8,420 4,826 2,855	1,337 2,347 1,904 1,348	988 6,069 2,920 1,504	
•	Rate per 100,000 population			
Total	8,951.8	6,984.7	10,776.5	
Under 15 years 15-44 years 45-64 years 65 years and over	4,185.8 9,640.1 11,317.1 14,067.1	4,720.6 5,555.7 9,377.1 15,986.3	3,626.0 13,459.4 13,074.8 12,677.8	

¹Includes data for sex not stated.

Table 4. Number of all-listed surgical operations for inpatients discharged from short-stay hospitals, by surgery class and selected operations, sex, and age: United States, 1973

Surgical class, operation, and ICDA codes		All ages ¹		15 years
		Male	Female	and over
	Number of	operatio	ns in th	ousands
All operations ²	18,426	6,936	11,480	16,100
Neurosurgery01-05	310	157	152	282
Ophthalmology06-14	655	295	358	542
Extraction of lens14.4-14.6	279	116	162	278
Otorhinolaryngology	1,835	903	930	840
	215	122	92	17
	884	398	486	237
Operations on thyroid, parathyroid, thymus and adrenals22-23	80	17	64	77
Thyroidectomy22.1-22.2	64	10	54	64
Vascular and cardiac surgery24-30	718	410	308	670
Excision and ligation of varicose veins24.4	98	24	74	98
Thoracic surgery	240	138	102	224
	2,747	1,357	1,389	2,431
	525	464	61	409
	339	175	163	236
	411	94	318	410
	146	65	81	141
Proctological surgery50-52	565	303	262	555
Local excision and destruction of lesion of rectum	140	76	65	138
and anus	218	111	107	218
Urological surgery54-61 Dilation of urethra57.5 Prostatectomy58.1-58.3	1,453 227 249	1,032 82 249	420 145	1,205 169 248
Breast surgery65	336	19	317	331
Mastectomy65.2-65.6	290	11	279	286
Gynecological surgery67-72 Oophorectomy; salpingo-oophorectomy67.2-67.5 Ligation and division of fallopian tubes (bilateral)68.5 Hysterectomy69.1-69.5 Dilation and curettage of uterus, diagnostic70.3	3,565 425 299 690 934	· · · · · · · · · ·	3,565 425 299 690 934	3,544 424 299 688 931
Obstetrical procedures ⁴ 74-78 Cesarian section77.0 Dilation and curettage after delivery or abortion78.1 Repair of laceration78.2-78.3	1,077 246 273 182	••• ••• •••	1,077 246 273 182	1,066 245 271 180
Orthopedic surgery80-90 Excision of bone, partial	2,351 157 321 284 147 307	1,217 64 174 119 86 169	1,133 93 147 164 61 138	2,081 145 218 269 146 261
Plastic surgery92-94	1,041	543	497	891
Oral and maxillofacial surgery95-98	174	92	82	150
Dental surgery99	358	153	204	323
BiopsyA1-A2	919	300	618	888

[Excludes newborn infants and Federal hospitals]

 $_2^{1}$ Excludes data for sex not stated. Includes operations not listed in table. Limited to estimated number of appendectomies excluding those performed incidental to other abdominal surgery. ⁴Excludes certain obstetrical procedures for inducing or assisting delivery (ICDA codes 75.0-75.6 and

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75.9).

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Table 5. Rates of all-listed surgical operations for inpatients discharged from short-stay hospitals, by sur-gery class and selected operations, sex, and age: United States, 1973

[Excludes newborn infants and Federal hospitals]

Surgical class, operation, and ICDA codes	All-listed	All ages ¹		15 years
	operations	Male	Female	and over
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Rate of operations per 100,000 population			,000
All operations ²	8,951.8	6,984.7	10,776.5	10,713.8
Neurosurgery01-05	150.5	158.4	143.2	187.5
Ophthalmology06-14	318.3	297.5	336.3	360.8
Extraction of lens14.4-14.6	135.6	116.8	152.3	184.8
Otorhinolaryngology16-21	891.4	909.8	873.3	558.7
Myringotomy17.0	104.3	122.8	86.8	11.1
Tonsillectomy with or without adenoidectomy21.1-21.2	429.6	400.9	455.9	157.8
Operations on thyroid, parathyroid, thymus and adrenals22-23	39.1	16.8	59.8	51.0
Thyroidectomy22.1-22.2	31.3	10.4	50.8	42.4
Vascular and cardiac surgery24-30	348.9	413.0	288.9	445.8
Excision and ligation of varicose veins24.4	47.8	24.1	69.8	65.0
Thoracic surgery	116.7	138.8	95.9	149.1
	1,334.5	1,366.9	1,303.6	1,617.5
	255.3	467.0	57.5	271.8
	164.5	176.7	153.0	156.8
	199.8	94.4	298.1	272.8
	71.0	65.5	76.1	94.1
Proctological surgery50-52 Local excision and destruction of lesion of rectum and anus50.2,51.2 Hemorrhoidectomy51.3	274.5 68.1 106.0	304.8 76.1 111.8	246.2 60.7 100.5	369.6 91.7 144.8
Urological surgery	705.8 110.4 120.8	1,038.8 82.4 250.4	394.7 136.0	802.2 112.3 165.1
Breast surgery65	163.2	18.8	297.8	220.1
Mastectomy65.2-65.6	140.8	11.2	261.7	190.3
Gynecological surgery67-72 Oophorectomy; salpingo-oophorectomy67.2-67.5 Ligation and division of fallopian tubes (bilateral)68.5 Hysterectomy	1,732.2 206.5 145.5 335.2 453.8	0 • • • • • • • 0 • 0 •	3,346.9 399.1 281.1 647.7 876.8	2,358.0 281.8 199.0 457.9 619.5
Obstetrical procedures ⁴ 74-78	523.2	0 • 0	1,011.0	709.4
Cesarian section77.0	119.6	0 0 0	231.1	163.0
Dilation and curettage after delivery or abortion78.1	132.6	0 0 •	256.2	180.6
Repair of laceration78.3	88.2	0 0 0	170.4	119.9
Orthopedic surgery	1,142.3	1,225.1	1,064.0	1,385.0
	76.3	64.0	87.7	96.8
	156.0	174.8	138.1	145.0
	137.9	120.0	154.4	179.2
	71.4	86.3	57.5	97.5
	149.1	169.9	129.8	173.8
Plastic surgery92-94	505.8	546.7	466.5	593.2
Oral and maxillofacial surgery95-98	84.5	92.7	76.8	100.1
Dental surgery99	174.1	154.5	191.7	214.8
BiopsyA1-A2	446.6	302.3	580.0	591.1

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¹Excludes data for sex not stated. ²Includes operations not listed in table. ³Limited to estimated number of appendectomies excluding those performed incidental to other abdominal surgery. 4Excludes certain obstetrical procedures for inducing or assisting delivery (ICDA codes 75.0-75.6 and 75.9).

The surgery classes with the largest numbers of surgical operations were gynecological surgery (3.6 million operations), abdominal surgery (2.7 million operations), and orthopedic surgery (2.4 million operations). The largest surgery classes for males were for abdominal, orthopedic, and urological surgery; for females they were gynecological, abdominal, and orthopedic surgery.

The rates of operations per 100,000 population for the selected categories of surgical operations and procedures were largest for dilation and curettage of uterus, diagnostic (453.8), tonsillectomy with or without adenoidectomy (429.6), and hysterectomy (335.2). For males the rates were largest for repair of inguinal hernia (467.0), tonsillectomy with or without adenoidectomy (400.9), and prostatectomy (250.4). For females the rates were largest for dilation and curettage of uterus, diagnostic (876.8), hysterectomy (647.7), and tonsillectomy with or without adenoidectomy (455.9).

The estimated rate of operations per 100,000 population was 10,713.8 for patients age 15 years and over (table 5) compared with 4,185.8 for patients under age 15 years (table 6). For patients under age 15 years the rates were highest for tonsillectomy with or without adenoidectomy (1,164.9), myringotomy (356.2), repair of inguinal hernia (210.4), closed reduction of fracture without fixation (185.8), and appendectomy (185.3). The leading categories of operations for patients 15 years and over were dilation and curettage of uterus, diagnostic (619.5), hysterectomy (457.9), oophorectomy and salpingo-oophorectomy (281.8), cholecystectomy (272.8), and repair of inguinal hernia (271.8). Table 6. Number and rate of all-listed surgical operations with large frequencies for inpatients under 15 years of age discharged from short-stay hospitals, United States, 1973

[Excludes newborn infants and Federal hospitals]

Operation and ICDA codes	Number of opera- tions in thou- sands	Rate of opera- tions per 100,000 popu- lation
All operations	2,326	4,185.8
Tonsillectomy with or without adenoi- dectomy21.1-21.2 Myringotomy17.0 Repair of inguinal hernia38.2-38.3 Closed reduction of fracture without fixa- tion82.0 Appendectomy ¹ 41.1 Adenoidectomy without tonsillectomy21.3 Resection and recession of eye muscle-10.5-10.6 Dilation of urethra-57.5 All other opera-	647 198 117 103 103 61 58 58	1,164.9 356.2 210.4 185.8 185.3 110.1 105.2 105.1
tionsresidual	979	1,762.9

¹Limited to estimated number of appendectomies excluding those performed incidental to.other abdominal surgery.

